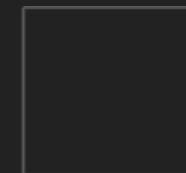
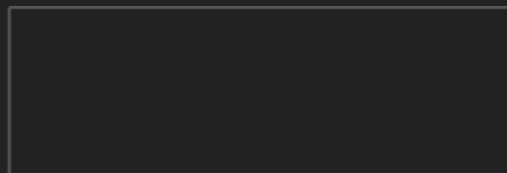
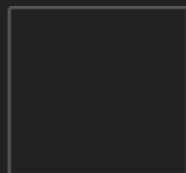
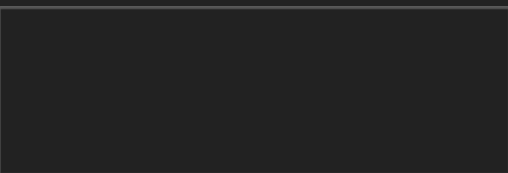




CONFERENCE CALL

2Q
2025

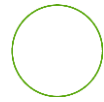


This presentation includes references to certain non-GAAP measures. We believe these non-GAAP measures provide useful information to both management and investors. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. In addition, these non-GAAP measures are not based on any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles. Non-GAAP measures have limitations in that they do not reflect all of the amounts associated with our results of operations as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures should only be used to evaluate our results of operations in conjunction with the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures.

The 2023 financial guidance contained in this presentation reflects management's current assumptions regarding numerous evolving factors that are difficult to accurately predict. [Reconciliations of forward-looking non-GAAP measures to the relevant forward-looking GAAP measures are not being provided, as we do not currently have sufficient data to accurately estimate the variables and individual adjustments for such guidance and reconciliations. The 2023 financial guidance includes forward-looking statements.

August 2025

Contents.



Macro Overview



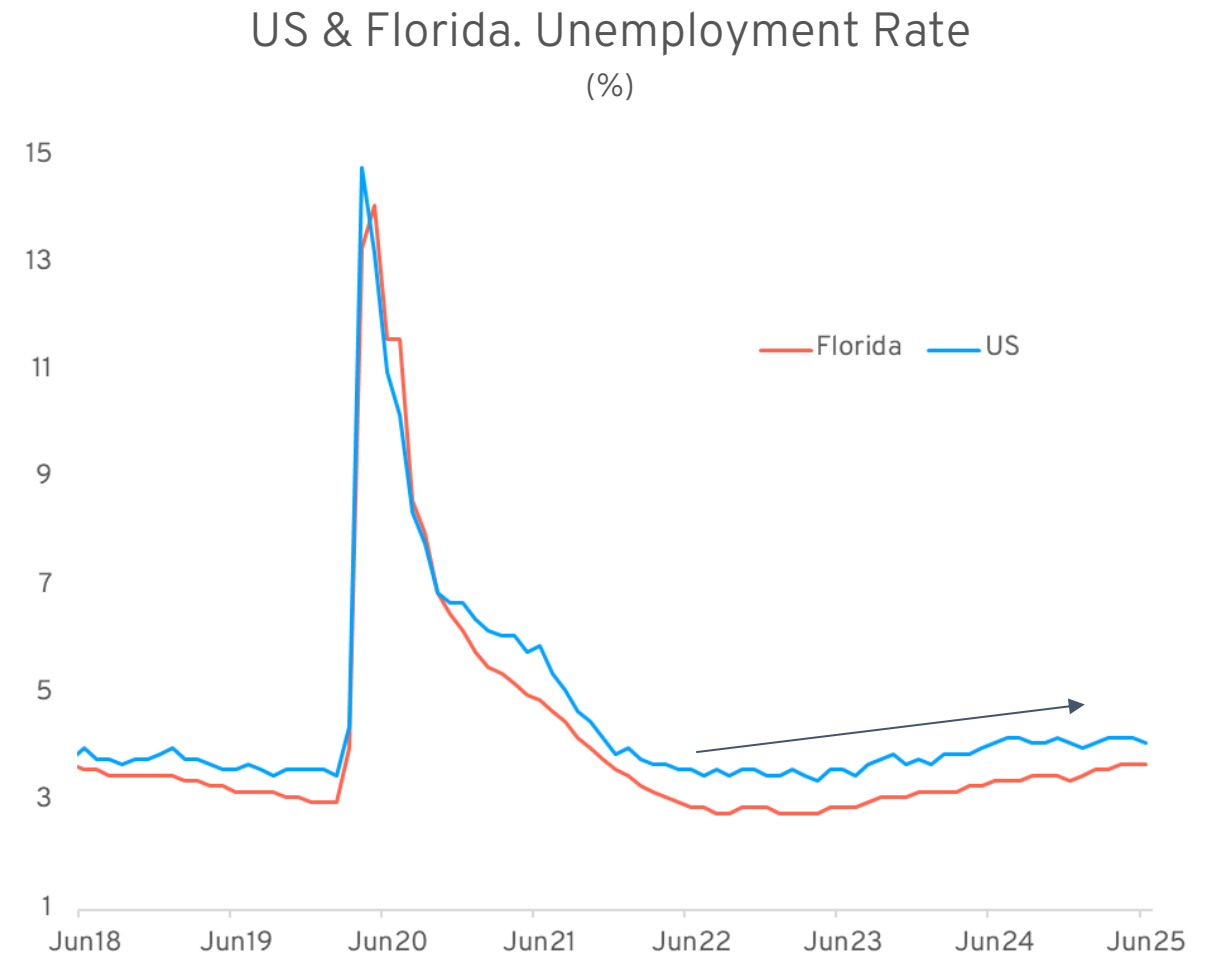
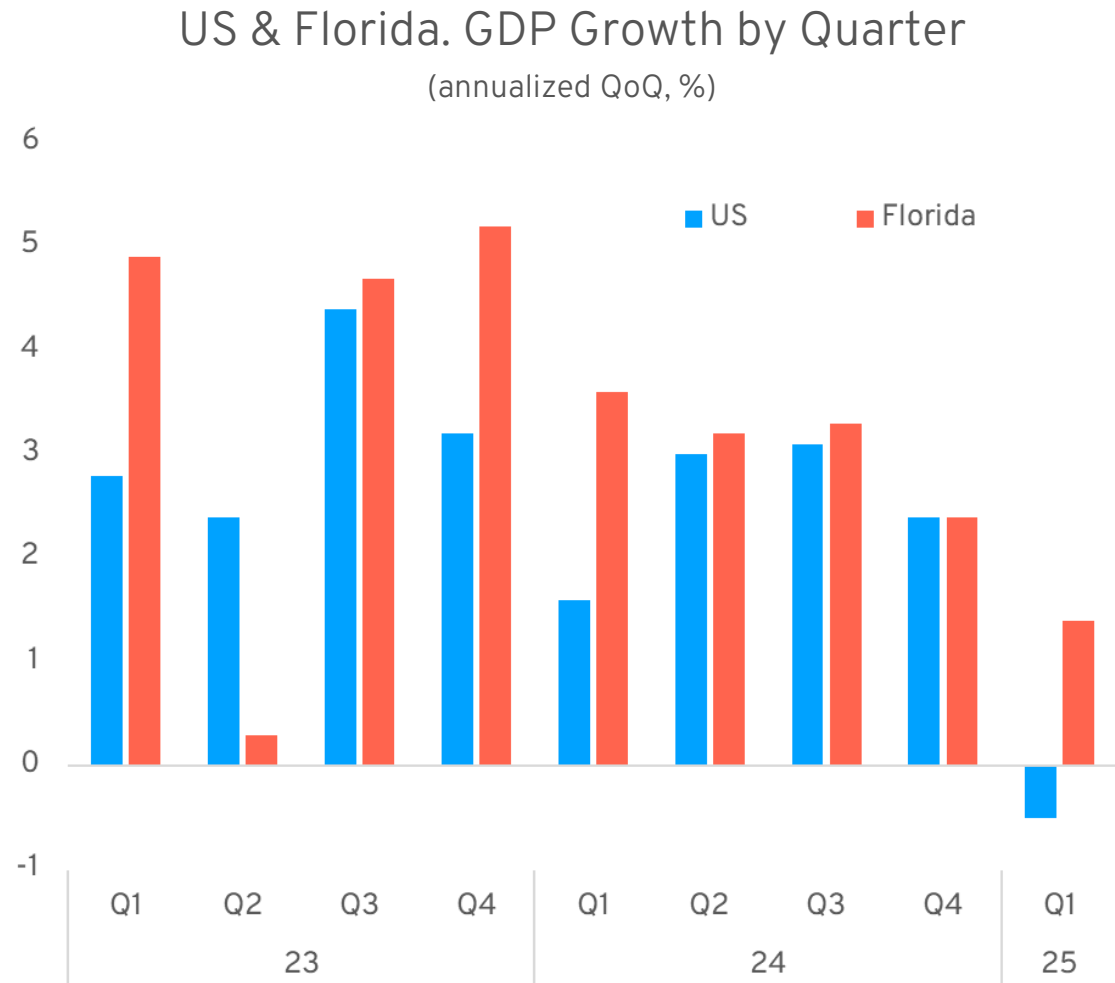
Financial Results



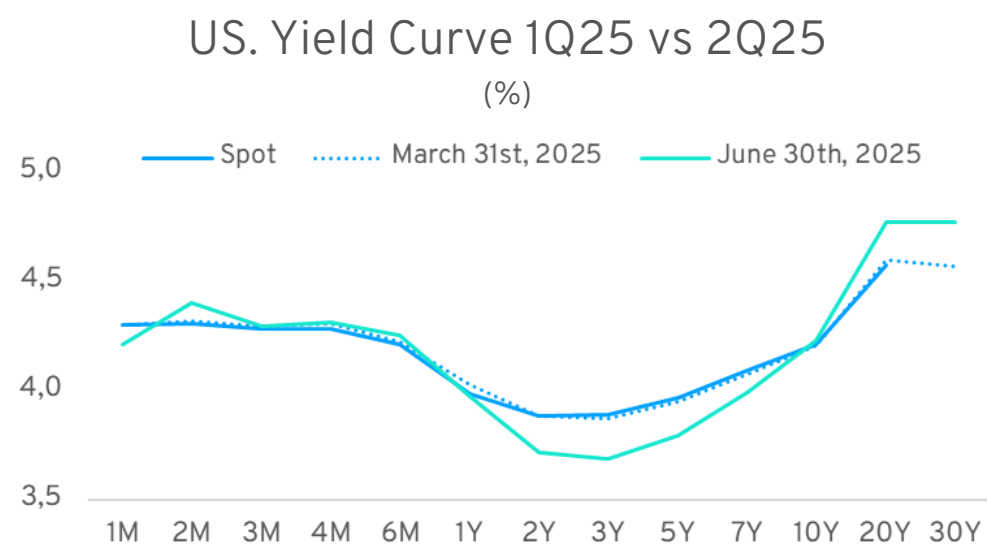
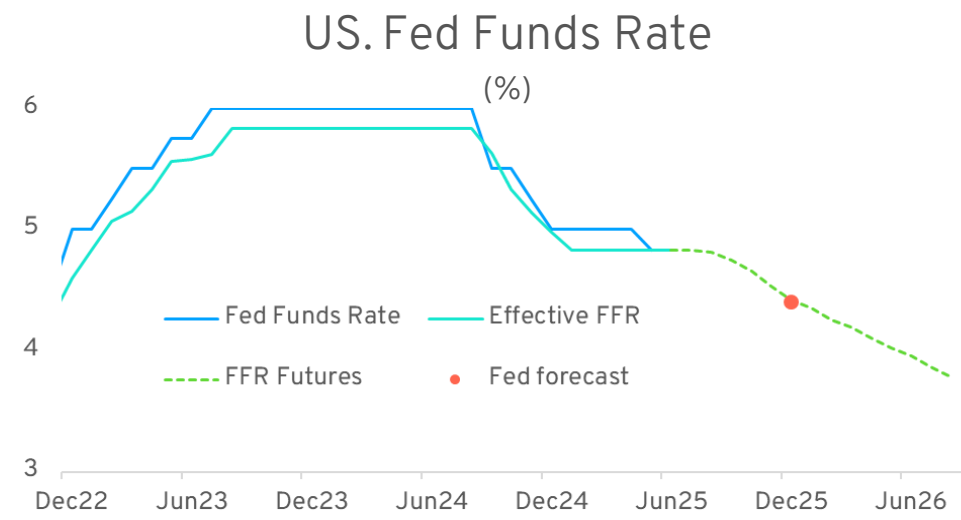
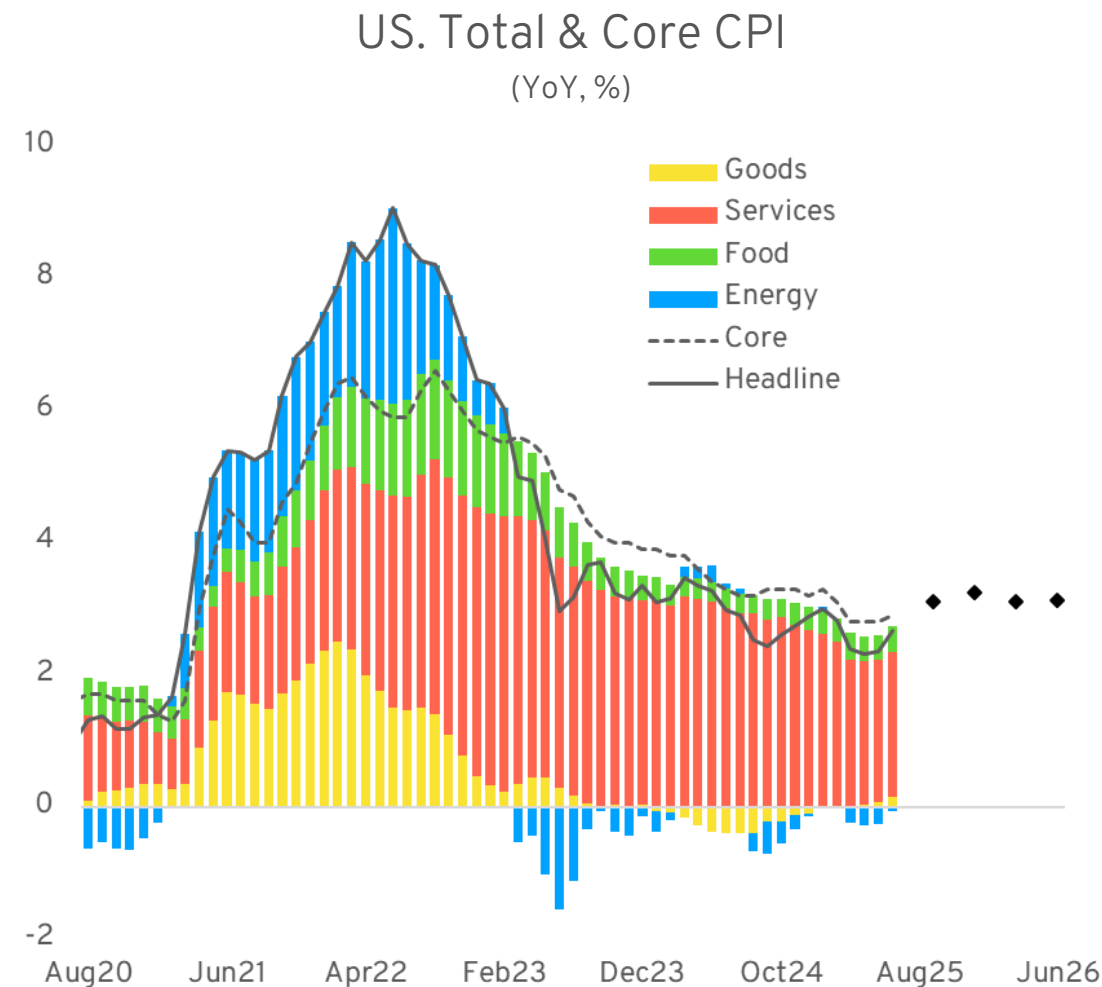
City National Bank of Florida



US GDP contracted 0,5% in Q125 due to an important increase of imports.
Florida's economic performance is outpacing the national average.



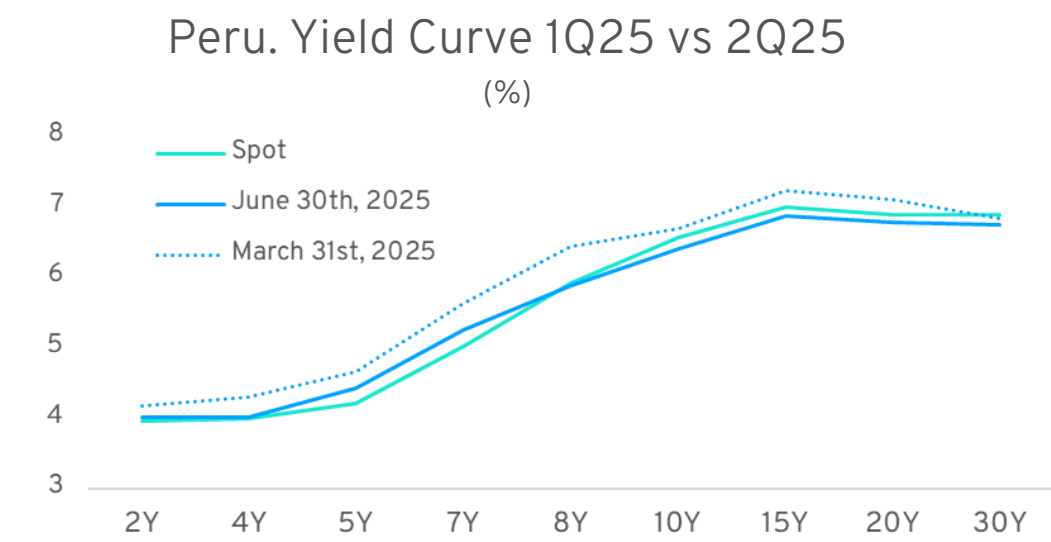
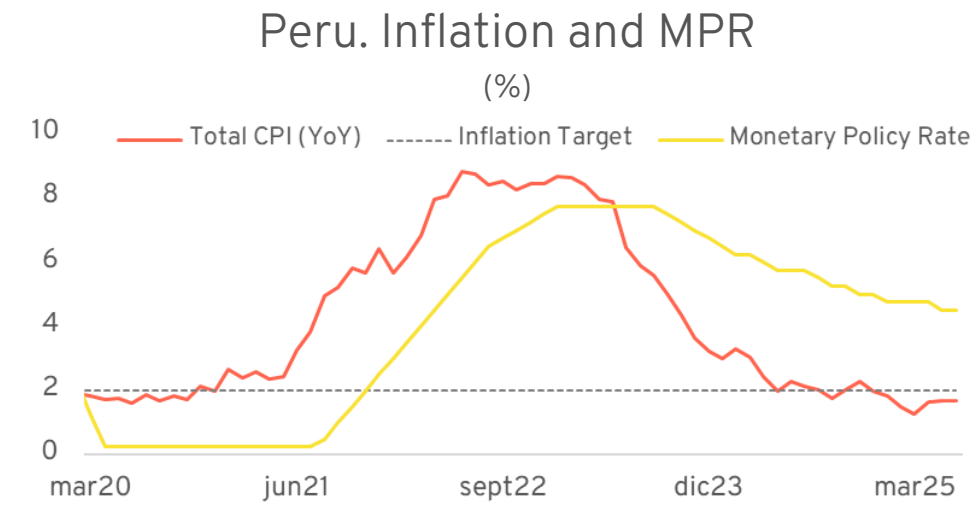
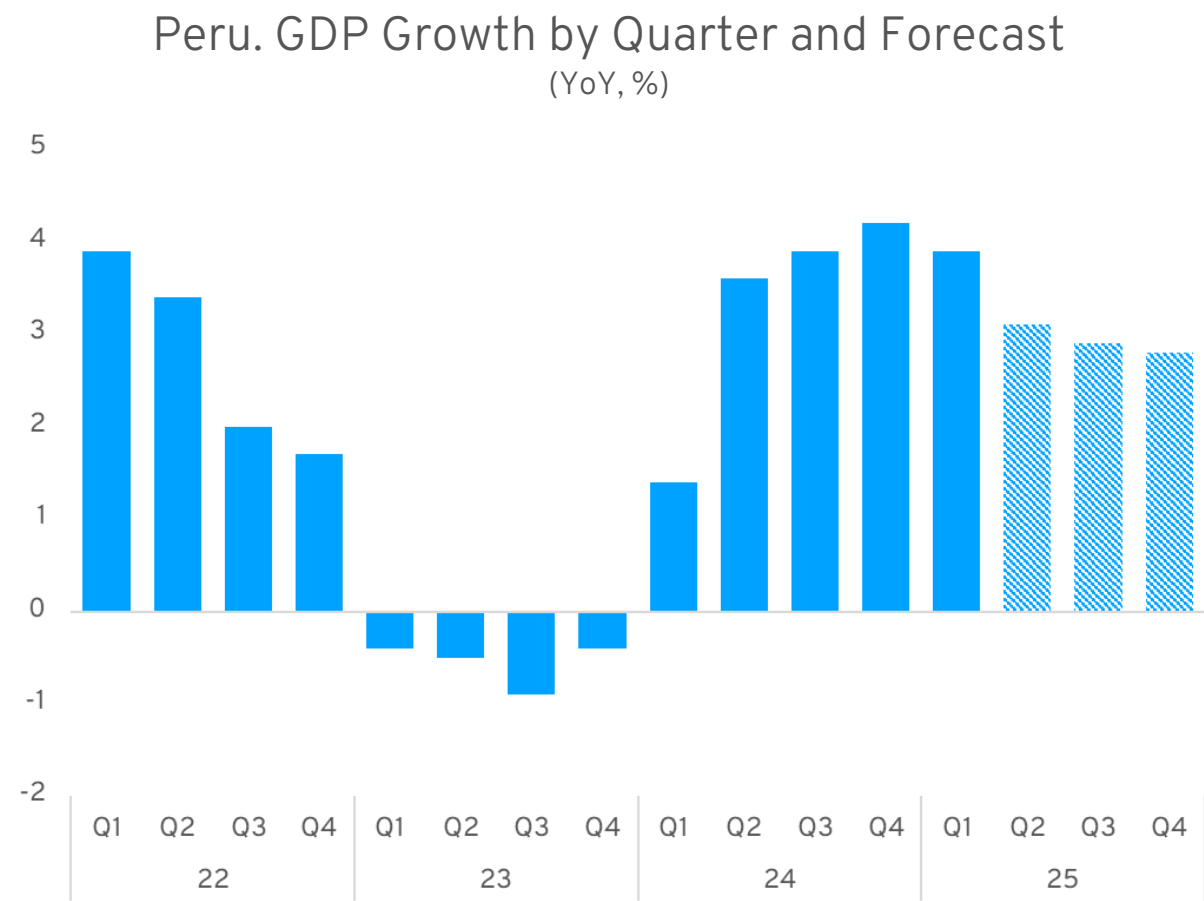
Tariffs to slightly raise inflation. Fed expected to be more cautious to evaluate the impacts of tariffs.



Source: BEA, BLS, Federal Reserve, Bci Research



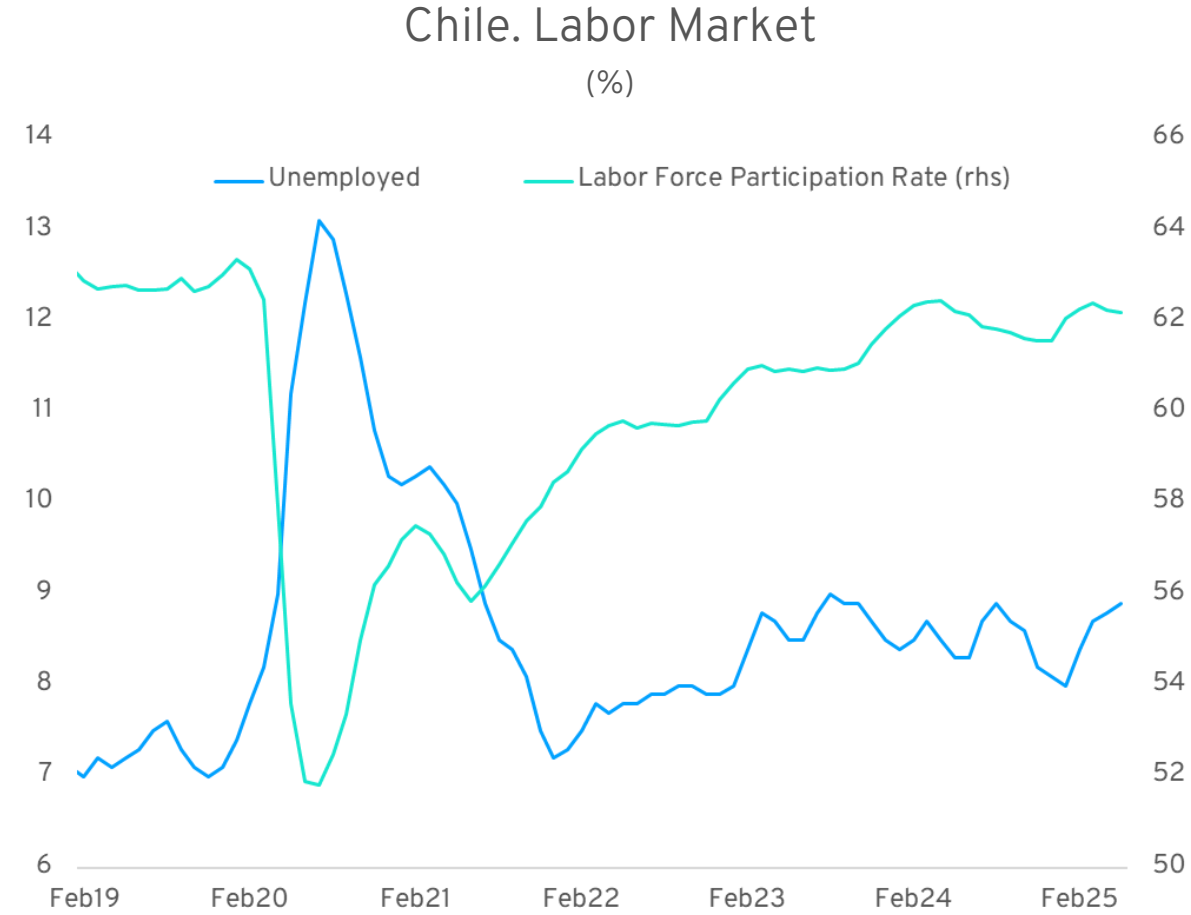
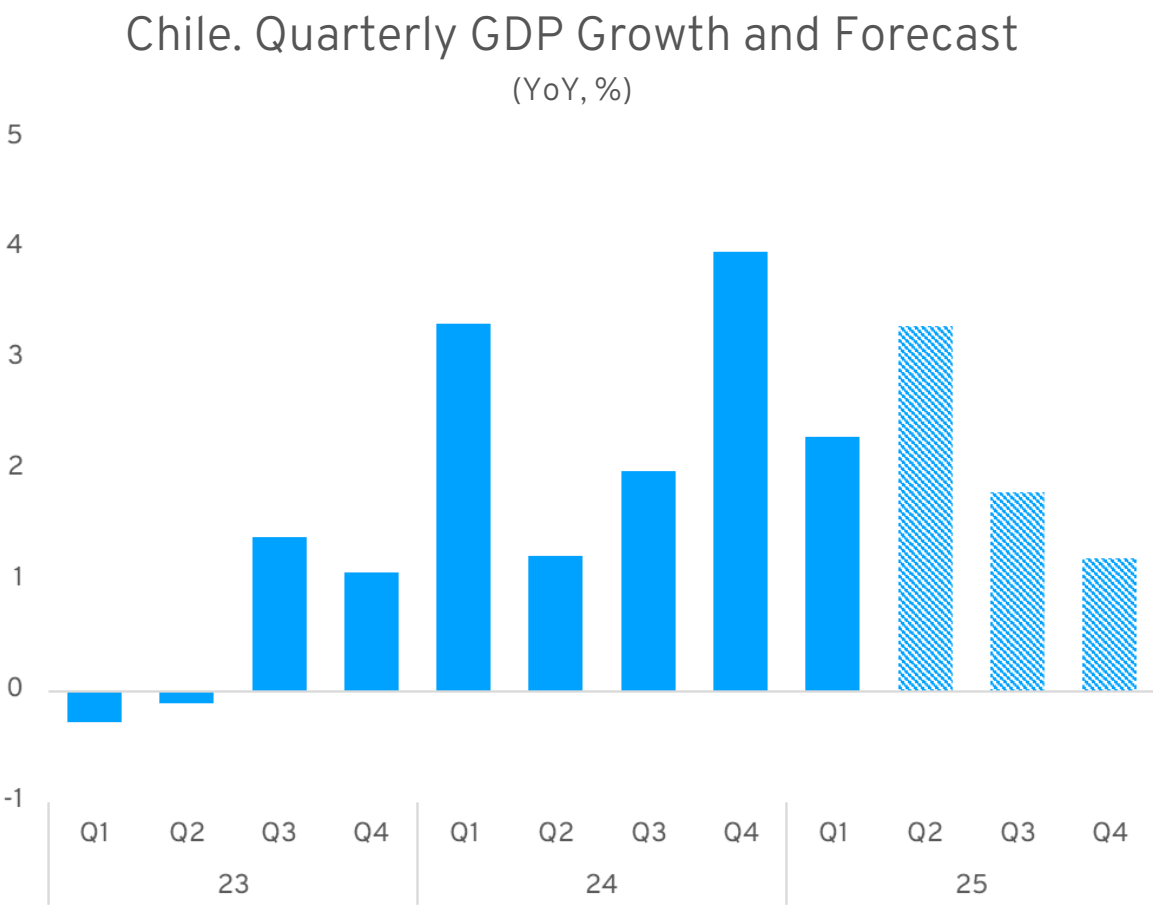
Peru's economic activity has maintained resilient and monetary policy rate is close to its neutral level.



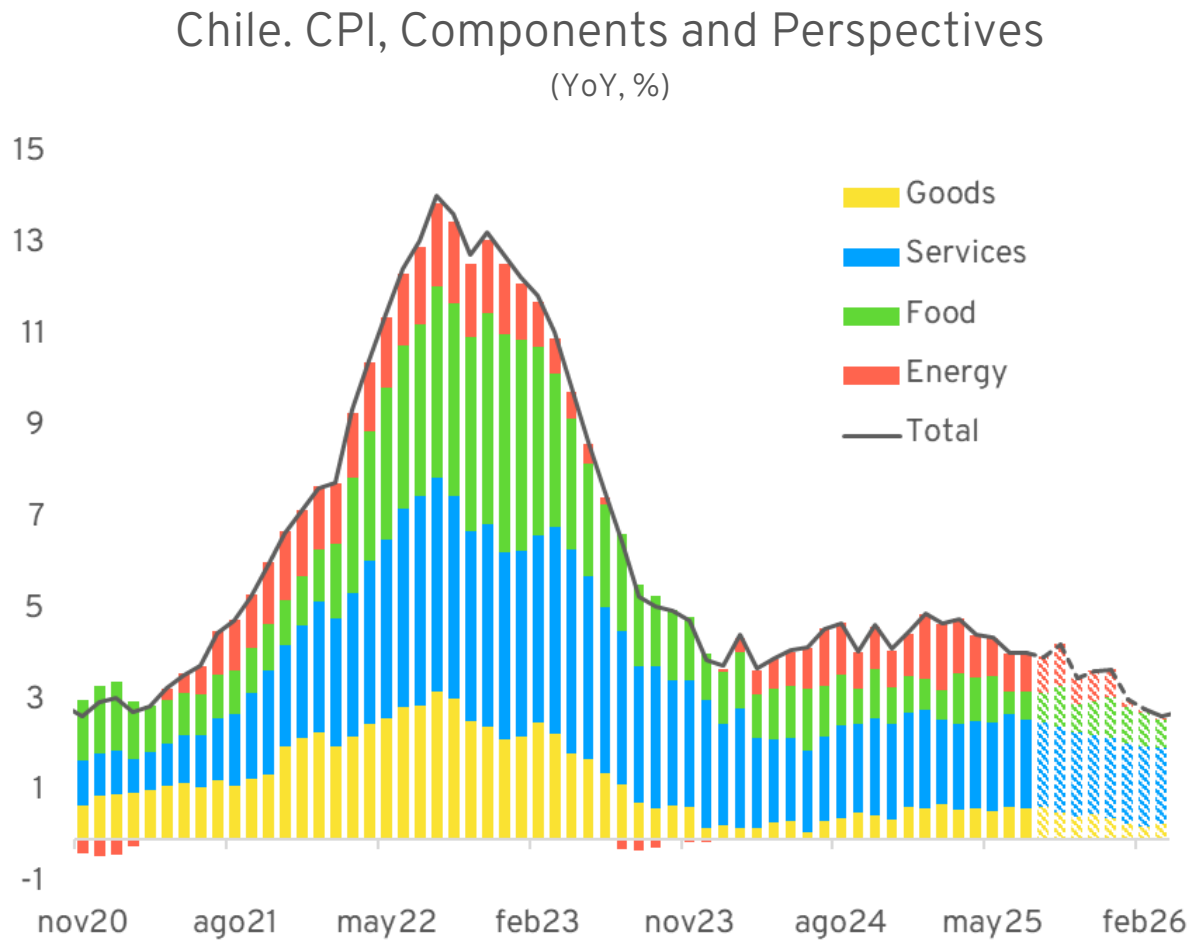
Source: BCRP, Bloomberg, Bci Research



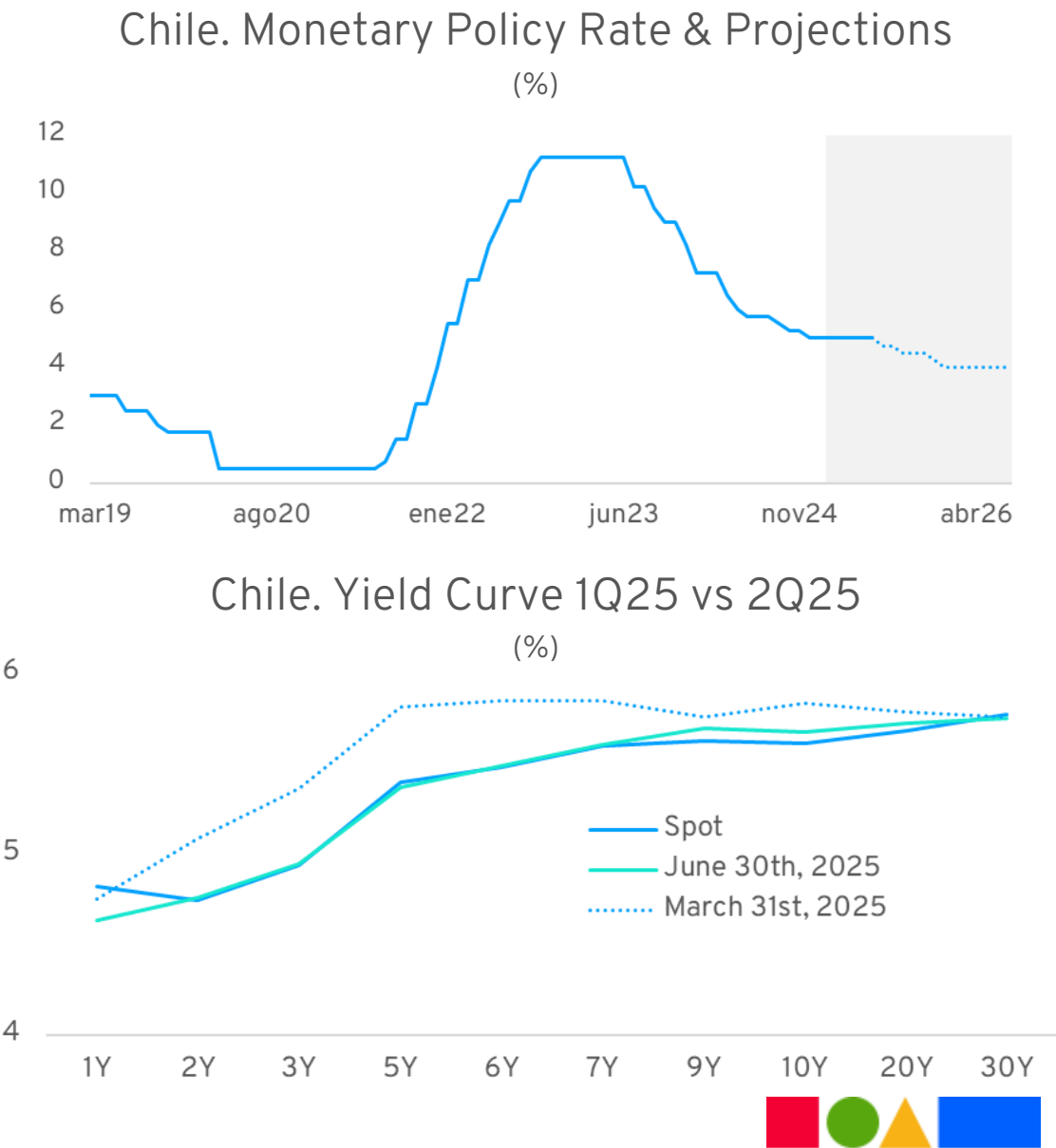
In Chile, economic activity has shown less dynamism than 1Q25.
Labor market shows important signs of weakness.



CPI remains elevated due to cost pressures and will reach the Central Bank's target at 2026.



Source: Central Bank of Chile, INE, Bci Research



Contents.



Macro Overview



Financial Results



City National Bank of Florida



Executive Summary

Consolidated
Operations

We achieved sound Net income in our first half of the year, increasing 26.6% YoY

Financial Results

- **Record Net Income: US\$571 millions** for the 1H (+26.6% YoY).
- **Consistent NIM:** Consolidated **NIM** stood at 3.64%, +18 bps YoY driven by pricing strategies and effective treasury management. CNB NIM stood at **2.57%**, the highest level in two years.
- **Fee Growth: +22.8%** YoY, fueled by funds management, corporate finance advisory, and higher card transactionality.
- **Lower Provision Expenses: -14.7%** YoY, a result of active risk management.

Balance Sheet Composition

- **Loans:** +6.27% YoY. Driven by the outstanding performance of our **commercial portfolio**, which expanded by **6.45%** while gaining **6bps** of market share YoY.
- **Capital Ratios:** CET1 ratio of 11.10% and a total Capital Adequacy Ratio of 15.42%, both comfortably above regulatory requirements.
- **Liquidity:** Liquidity levels remain strong, with an **LCR of 170.12%** and an **NSFR of 104.55%**.
- **CNB Deposits:** contributes over **40%** of the consolidated deposit base and grew its own deposits at **5.2% YTD**, nearly double the U.S. industry average.

Key Initiatives

- **Wholesale & Investment Banking**, top Bank for commercial clients:
 - **Bci Finanzas Corporativas** accounted for 12% of our total net fee income, by structuring financing for major projects in the **Infrastructure, Concessions** and **Mining**.
 - Launching of **360 Connect** –Chile's first multi-bank platform for businesses– cements our position.
- **EcoRetail** advancements:
 - **Lider Bci** renewed the commercial agreement with **Walmart** resulting in the most competitive value proposition, offering **6%** savings in loyalty points every day.
 - MACHBANK achieved a **NPS of 78%**, and advances on its credit card strategy.

Note: Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025), and % variations consider 1Q25 against 1Q24.



Financial Results 2Q 2025

Consolidated
Operations

US\$ million*	2Q2024	2Q2025	2Q25/2Q24
Net Interest Income	574.2	627.8	9.3%
Net Service Fee Income	110.1	131.2	19.1%
Other Operating Income	60.4	54.3	-10.2%
Operating Revenues	744.8	813.3	9.2%
Provision Expenses	-89.4	-84.9	-5.0%
Operating Expenses	-378.0	-396.8	5.0%
Income Before Tax	277.3	331.5	19.5%
Income Tax	-48.7	-53.7	10.3%
Net Income	228.6	277.8	21.5%
Total Loans	56,371	59,906	6.3%
Total Assets	87,514	88,147	0.7%
Total Deposits	48,540	51,012	5.1%
Equity	7,035	7,671	9.0%

Note: Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025)



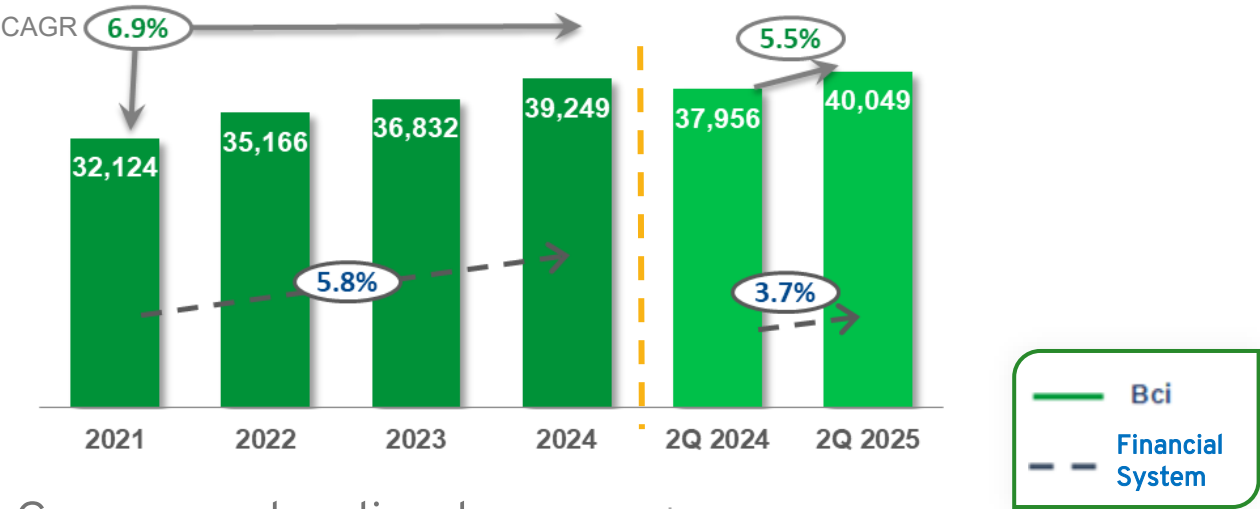
Local Operation.



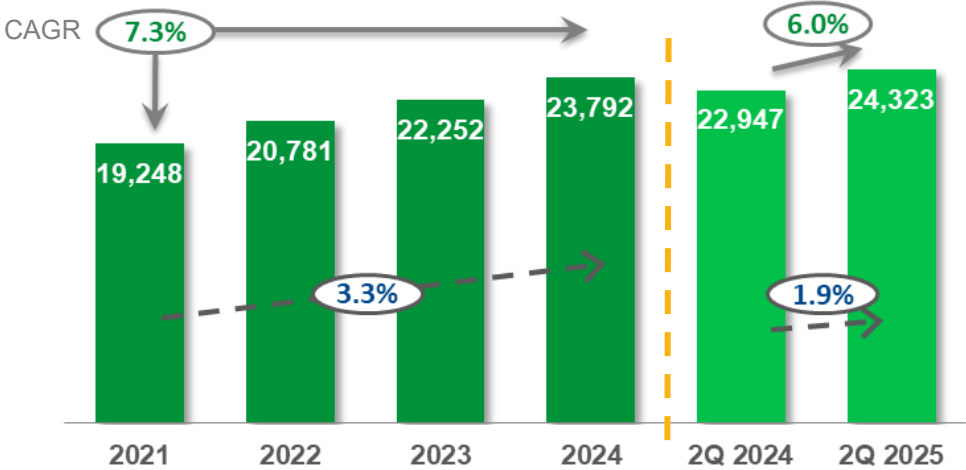
Loan growth driven by mortgage & commercial loans

Local
Operations

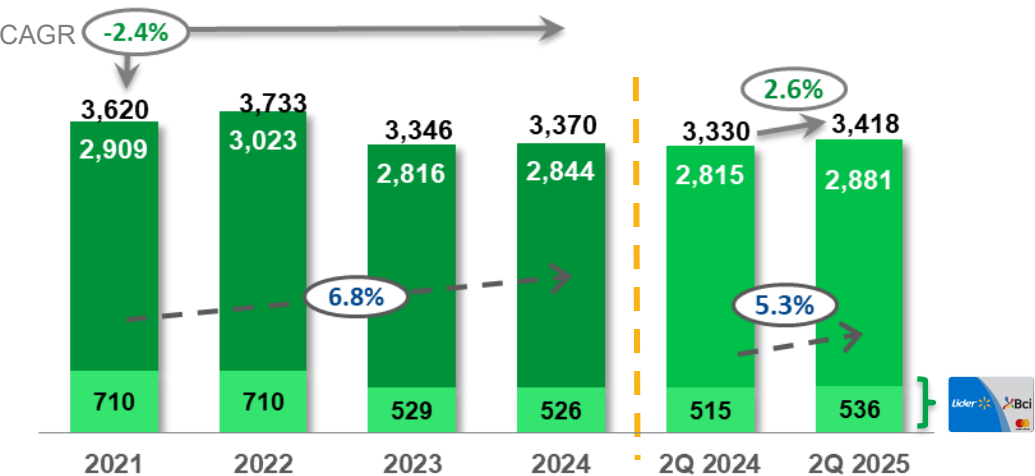
> Total loans (US\$mm)



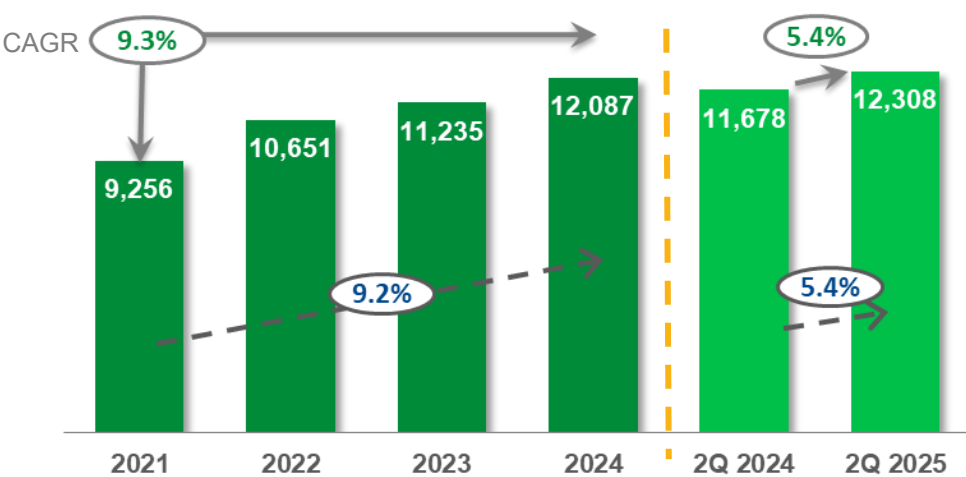
> Commercial & Interbank loans (US\$mm)



> Consumer lending loans (US\$mm)



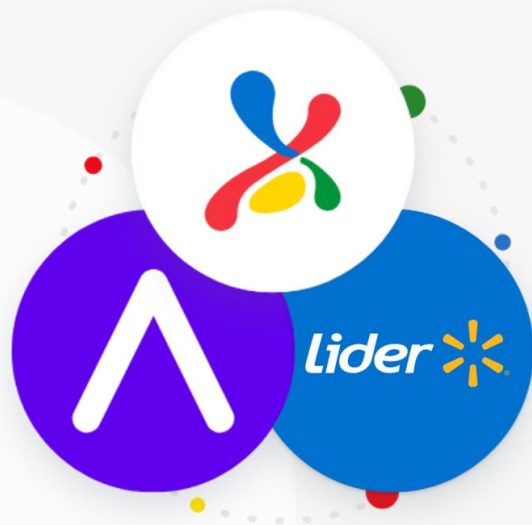
> Mortgage loans (US\$mm)



Source: Financial Market Commission (CMF) as of June 2025
Note: Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025); Exclude CorpBanca investments in Colombia and Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú

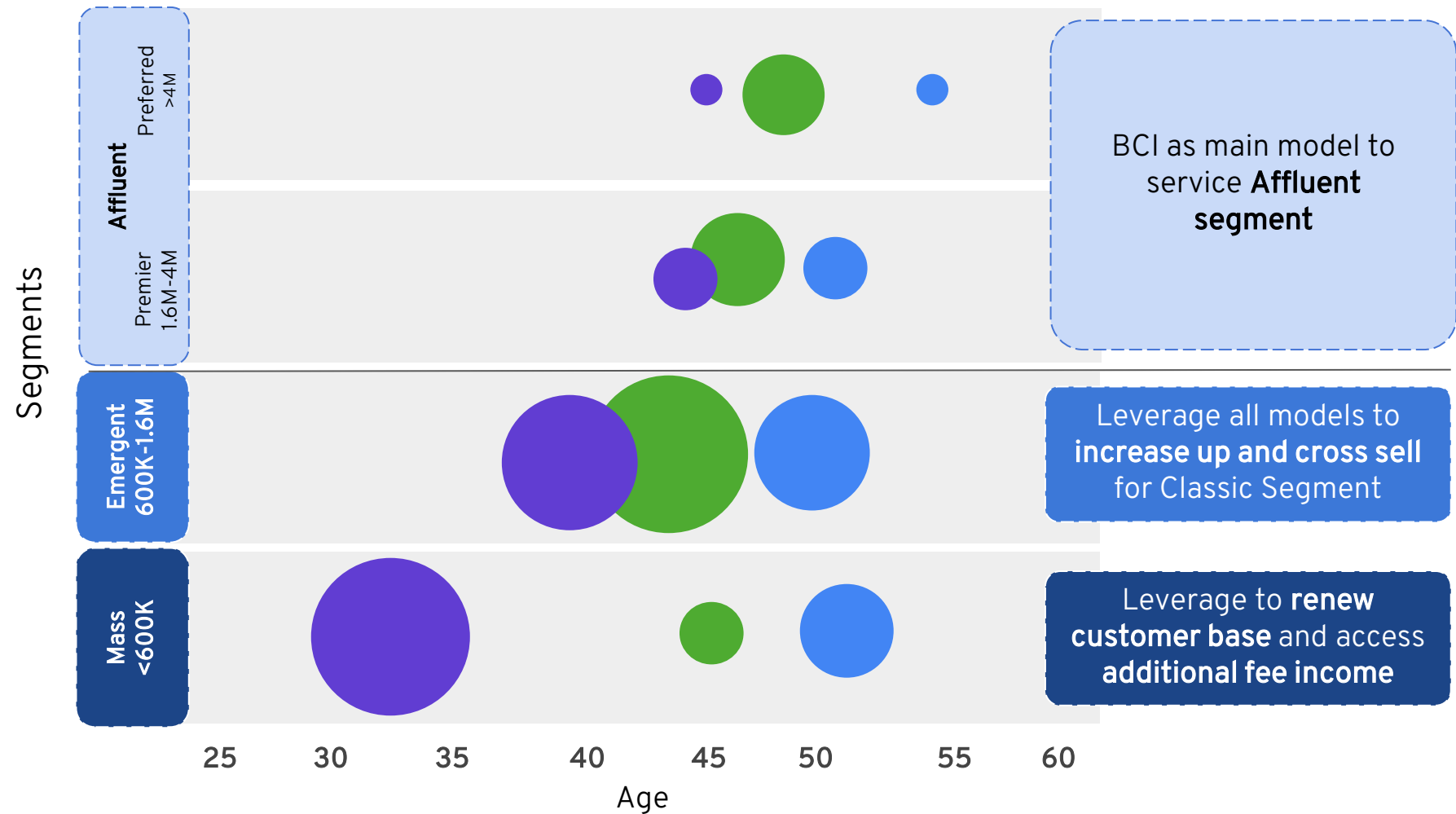


Retail Ecosystem



Our strategic vehicles allow us to serve all customer segments, leading the capture of new clients in the industry

MACHBANK BCI Lider BCI



BCI as main model to service **Affluent** segment

Leverage all models to **increase up and cross sell** for Classic Segment

Leverage to **renew customer base** and access additional fee income

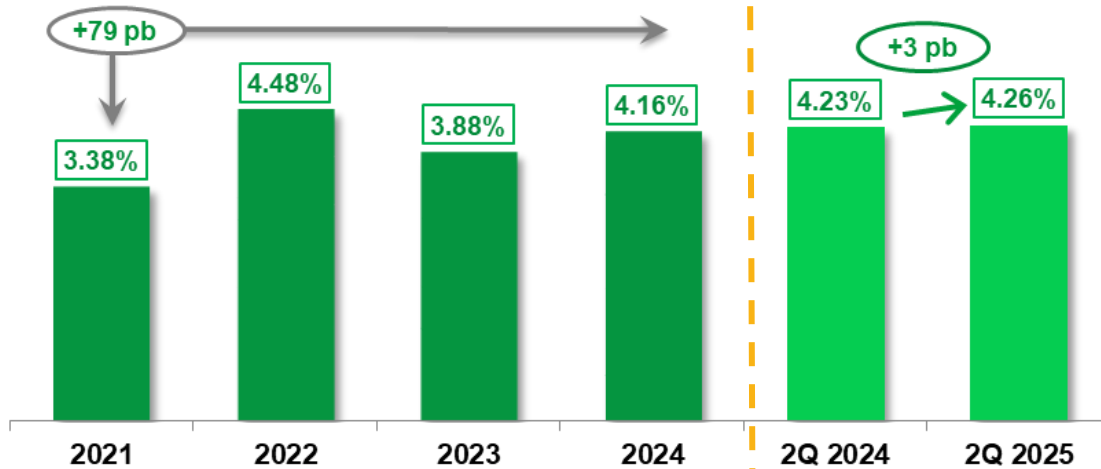
Today, **1 in 3** new checking accounts opened in Chile are from the Bci Ecosystem

Circle represents relative size of current clients.
This includes active MAU's MACH clients, current Lider BCI clients, and active BCI Checking & Digital Account clients with income data.

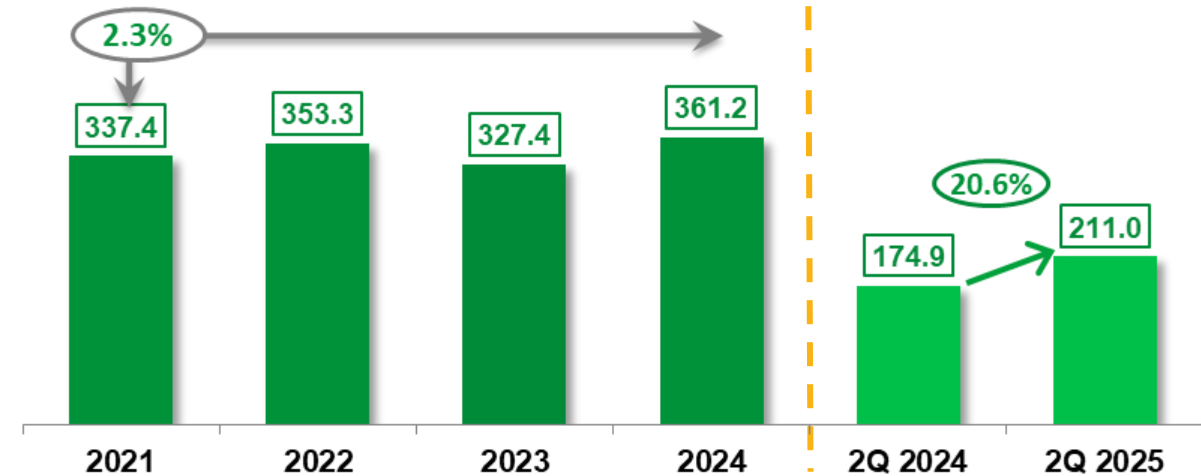


Positive Evolution of NIM and Fees

➤ NIM (%)



➤ Net Fees (US\$mm)



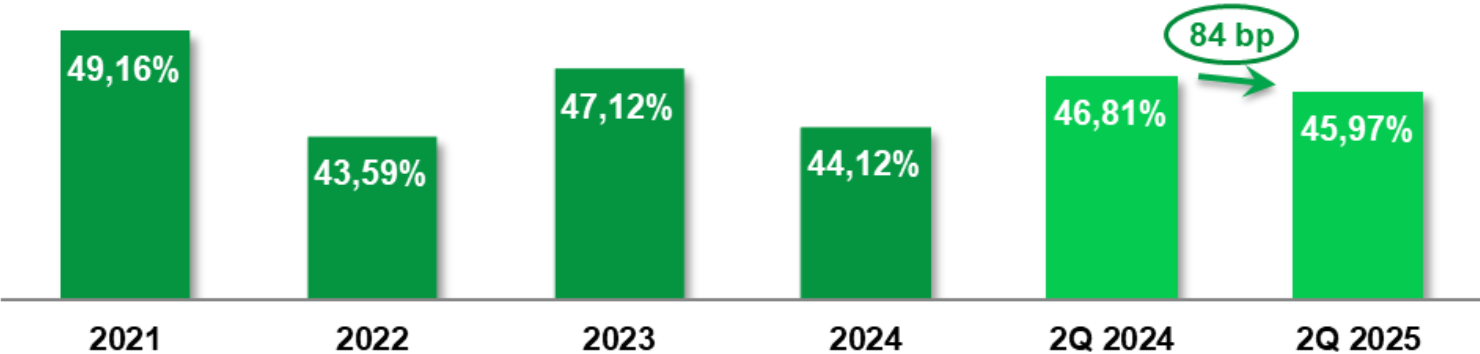
NIM: calculated as the average of the last 7 months for interest-earning assets. Interest-earning assets include total loans, trading portfolio financial assets, investments under agreements to resell, financial investments available for sale, and held-to-maturity securities.

Note: Figures are converted to US\$ using FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025). Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú

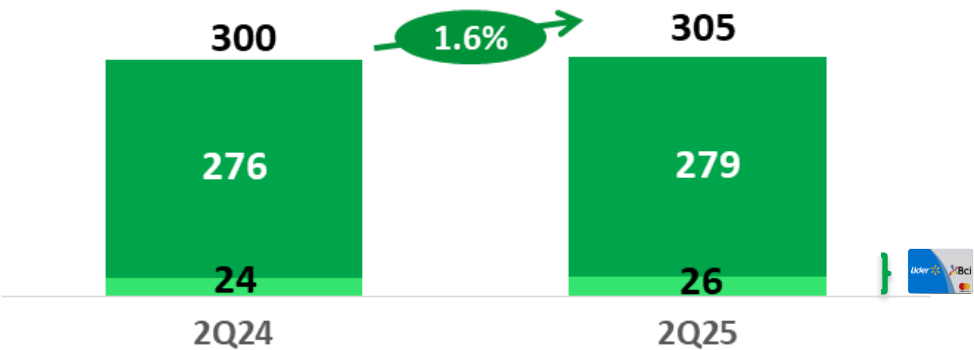


Operating Expenses

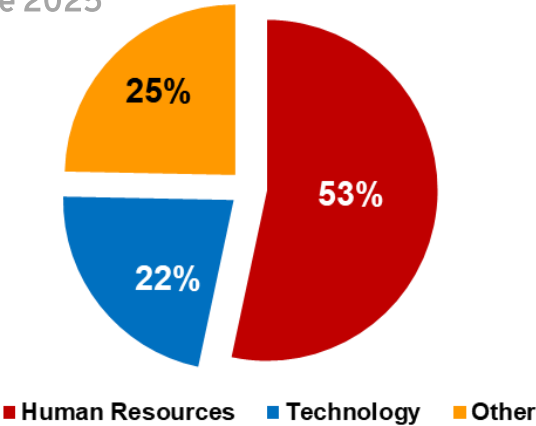
Local Efficiency Ratio
as of june



Operating Expenses YoY
second quarter 2025



Expenses Breakdown
as of june 2025



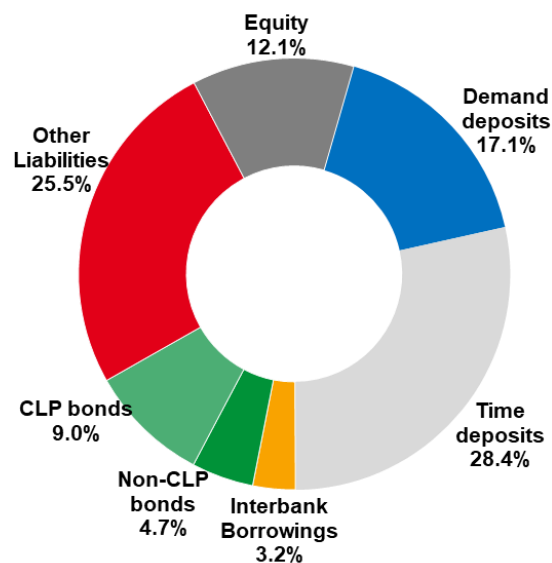
Efficiency ratio as calculated by the CMF (operating expenses excluding other operating expenses/gross operating result). Since 1Q18, additional allowances are not included in the calculation.
Note: Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025). Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú



Sound Liquidity and Capital Ratios

Consolidated
Operations

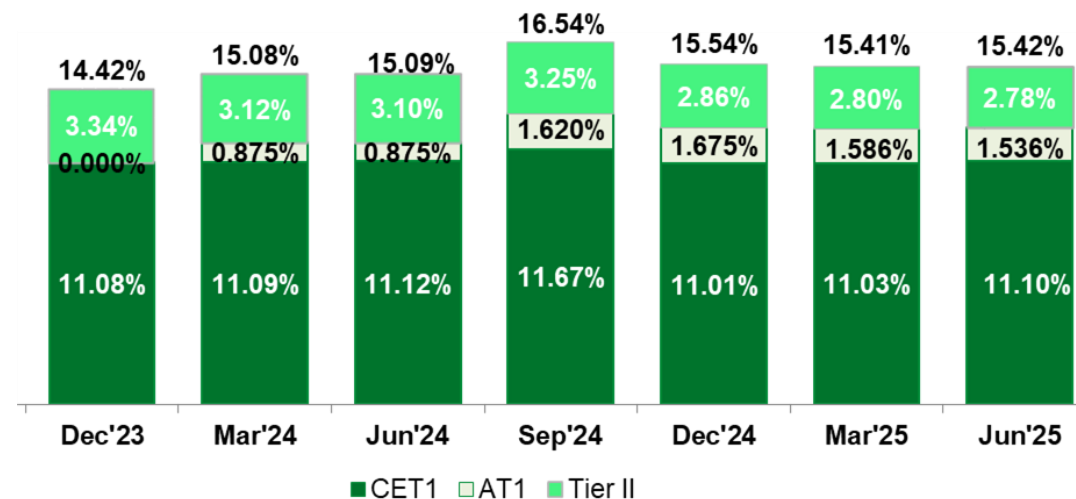
Local Liabilities Breakdown



USD\$ millions	2Q25	QoQ	YoY
Demand deposits	10,780	-2.5%	-0.3%
Time deposits	17,944	6.6%	7.9%
Total Deposits	28,723	3.0%	4.7%
Loans/Deposits	139.4%		

Local Liquidity Coverage Ratio jun'25 = 170.12%

BIS Ratio Basel III (Consolidated)



Capital Ratios (Consolidated)

CET1 capital declined by 2 basis points year-over-year (YoY), reaching 11.10% at June 2025, impacted by greater regulatory deductions on the capital base. However, effective equity increased by 13,1% YoY, driven by the issuance of Additional Tier 1 (AT1) instruments totaling USD 1 billion in February and September 2024.

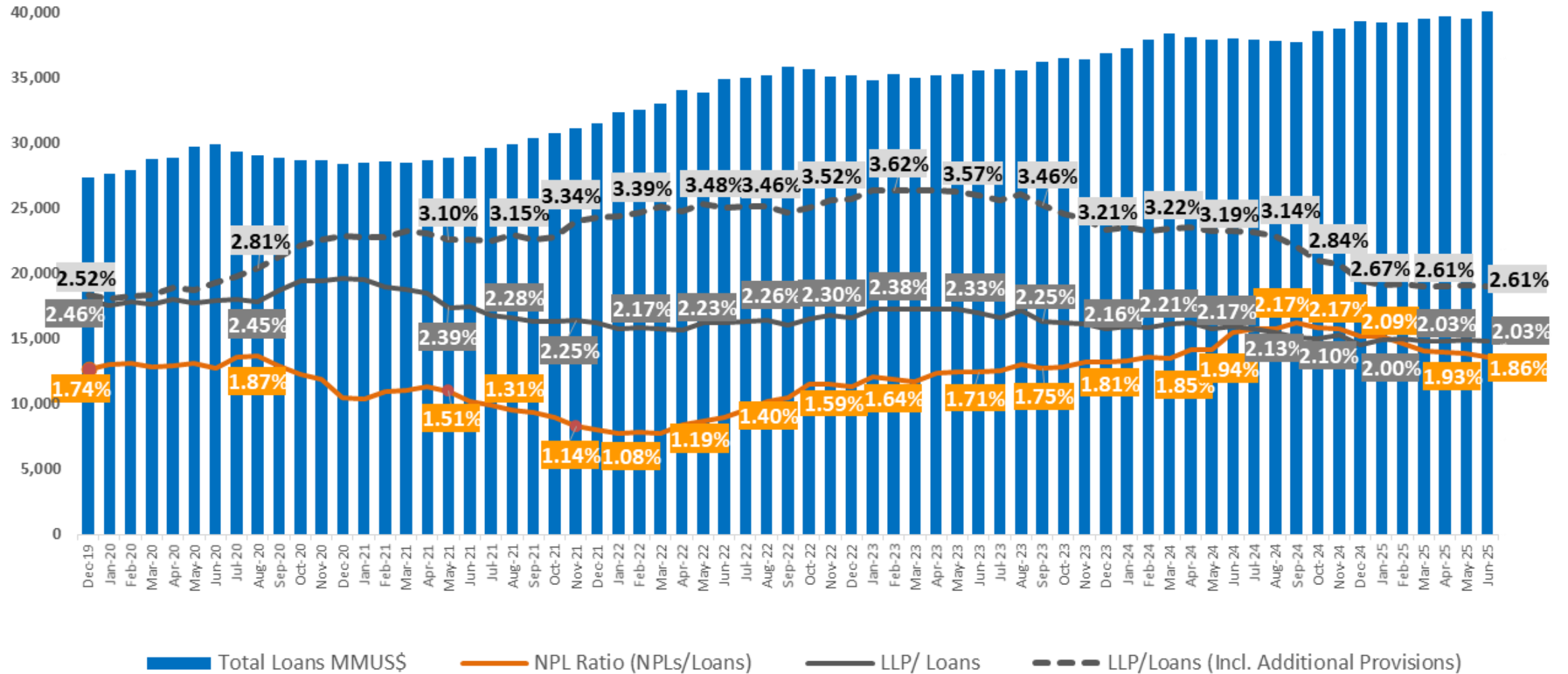
Additionally, regulatory capital ratios were strengthened, mainly driven by an increase in net income by 31.46% and a 43.42% improvement in losses associated with the available-for-sale portfolio. The overall capital adequacy ratio (CAR) rose 32 basis points YoY to 15.41%, significantly exceeding regulatory requirements and reinforcing Bci's sound solvency position. The capital rose from the normalization of U.S. interest rates also contributed positively to capital accounts.



Trend of Risk Indicators

Local Operations

► Total loans



Nota: Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú
Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025)

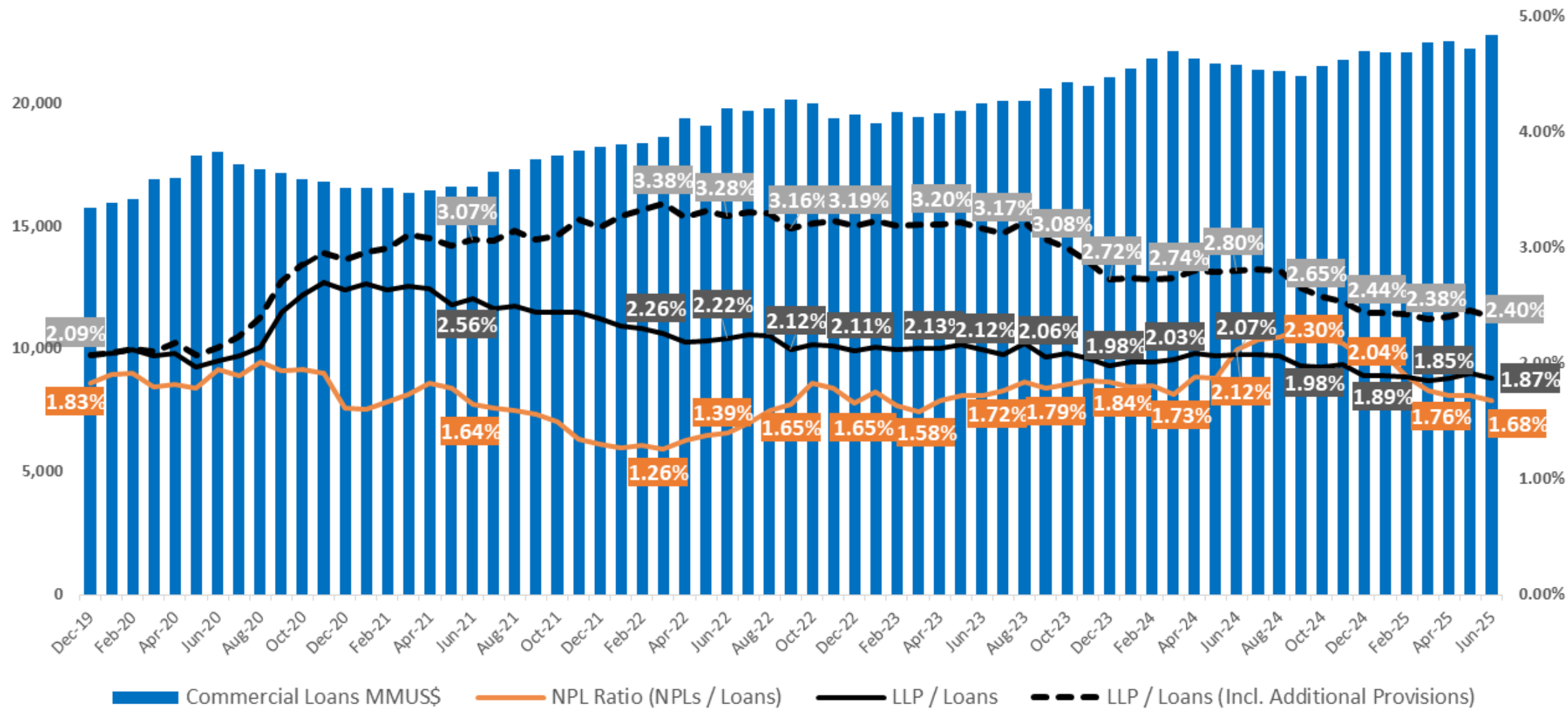
**LLP = Loan loss provisions



Trend of Risk Indicators

Local
Operations

➤ Commercial loans



Nota: Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú
Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025)

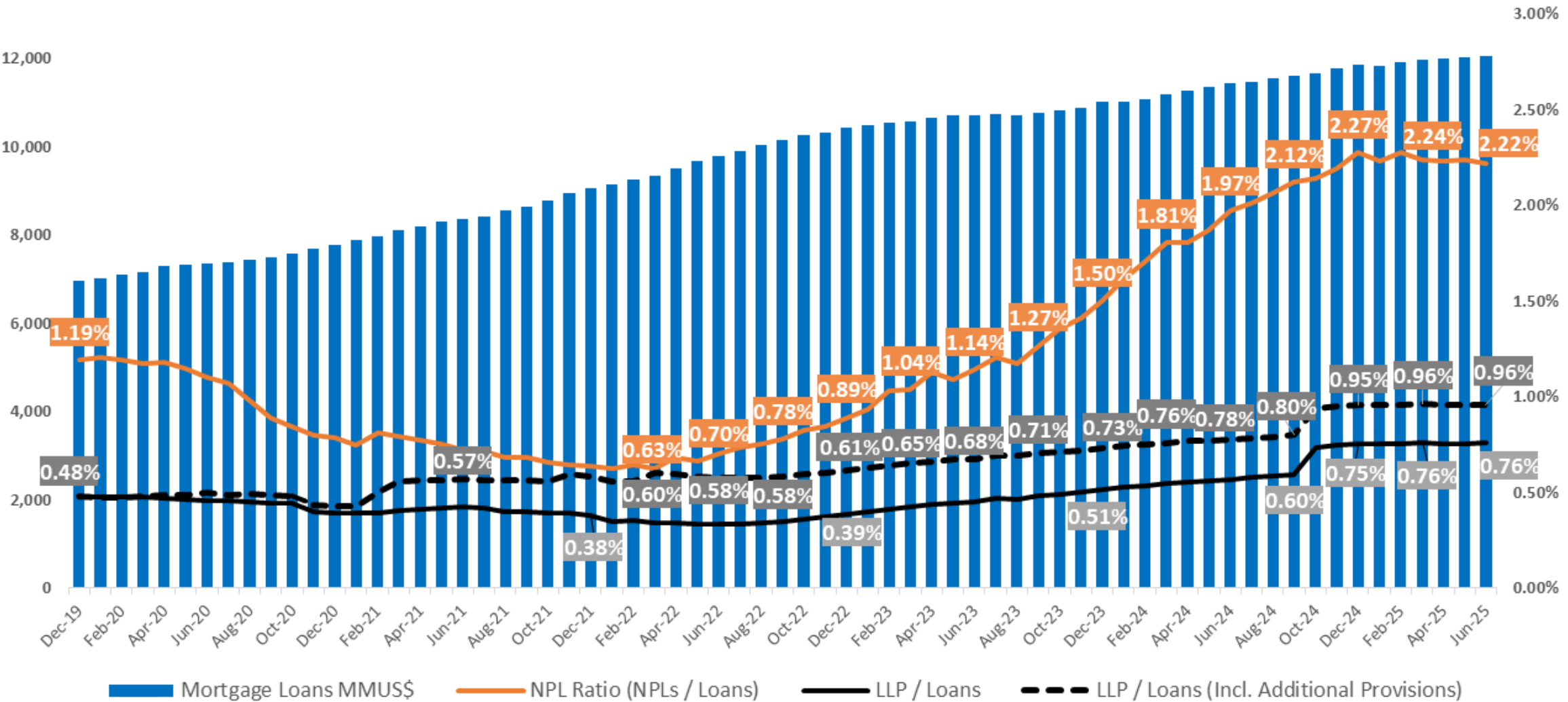
* LLP = Loan loss provisions



Trend of Risk Indicators

Local
Operations

➤ Mortgage loans



Nota: Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú
Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025)

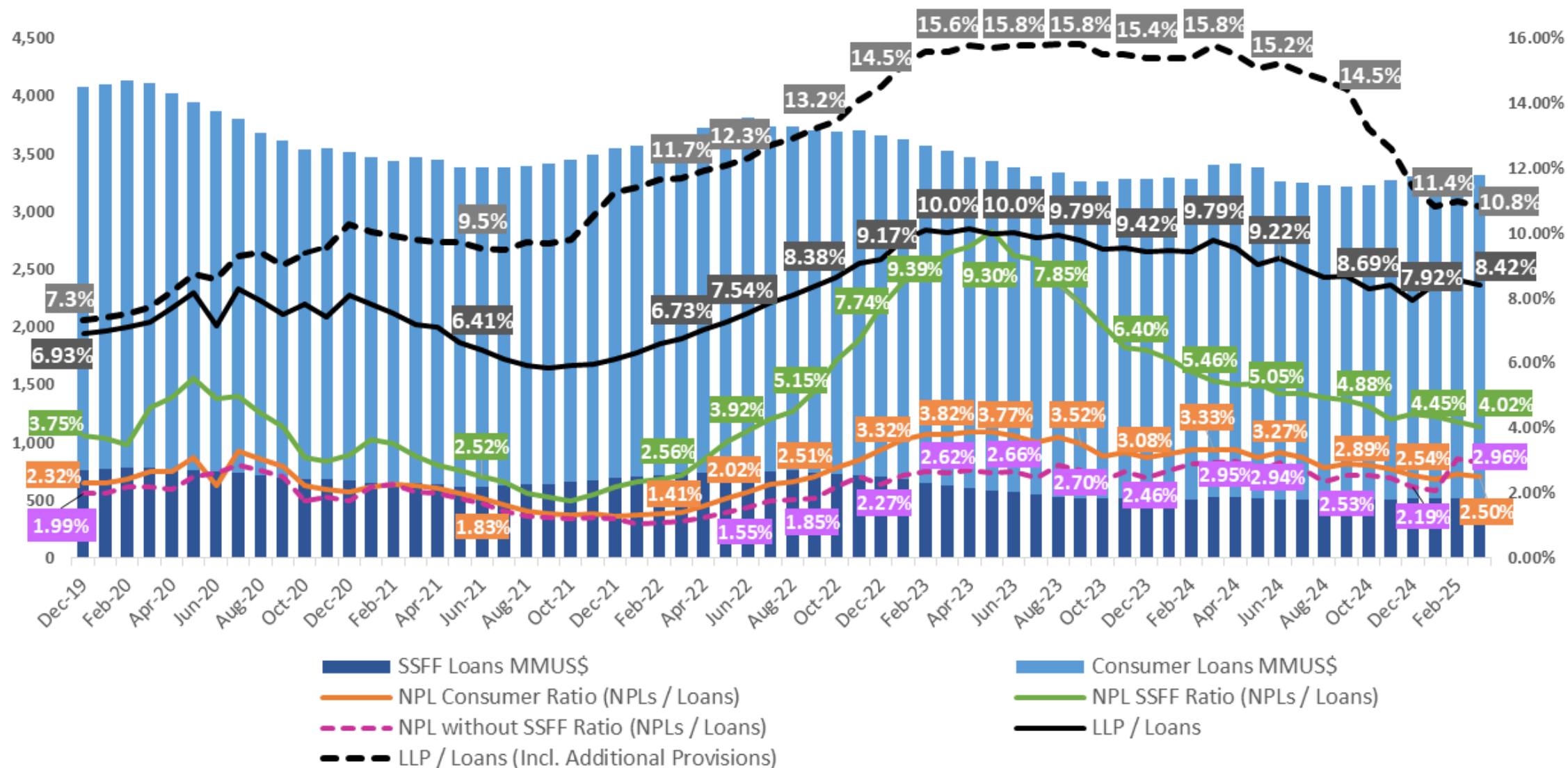
* LLP = Loan loss provisions



Trend of Risk Indicators

Local
Operations

➤ Consumer loans



* LLP = Loan loss provisions



Nota: Excludes Bci subsidiary in USA (CNB and Bci Securities) and Bci Perú
Figures are converted to US\$ using an FX of 933.42 (July 1st 2025)



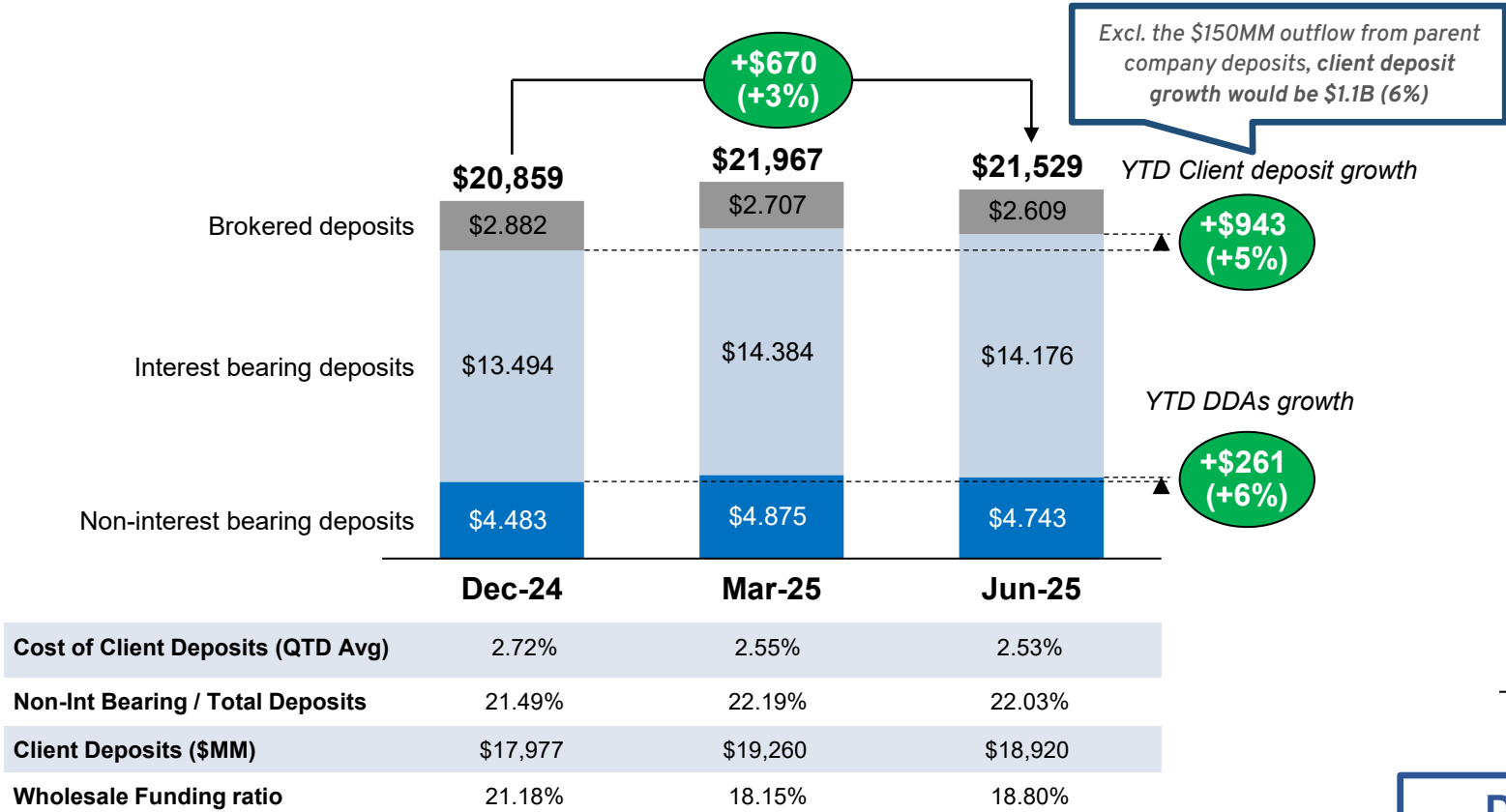
In 2025, we have continued to expand our NIM, maintain a strong liquidity position, improve our capital ratios and our CRE portfolio remains well managed

Client Deposits	Liquidity	NIM	Capital	Investments	CRE
Client deposits have increased \$943MM through June or ~5% (excluding the \$150MM parent company deposit outflow, normalized growth would be \$1.1B or ~6%), including DDAs growing \$261MM or ~6% . The banking industry as a whole grew \$573B (~3%) YTD, but this includes brokered deposits.	We maintained ~\$10B of available & committed liquidity sources , representing 35% of total assets and ~116% of our uninsured & uncollateralized deposits	Both our net interest income and margin increased for the sixth consecutive quarter: In Q2-2025, our NIM expanded 4bps (9bps, normalizing for one-timers) . Both our net interest income and margin are the highest in over 2 years	Our CET 1 ratio significantly exceeds the well capitalized threshold even if we apply our unrealized AFS and HTM losses to capital - \$1B of excess capital as of June	99% of our investment portfolio consists of U.S. agency securities , the portfolio provides significant cash flow (~\$800MM annually) and maintains a reasonable duration of 4.44 years.	Our commercial real estate portfolio is well diversified by type and geography, maintains a low LTV of 49% and the Florida market is performing better than the U.S. as a whole
ROE continues to improve, increasing 124bps QoQ and 369bps YoY					

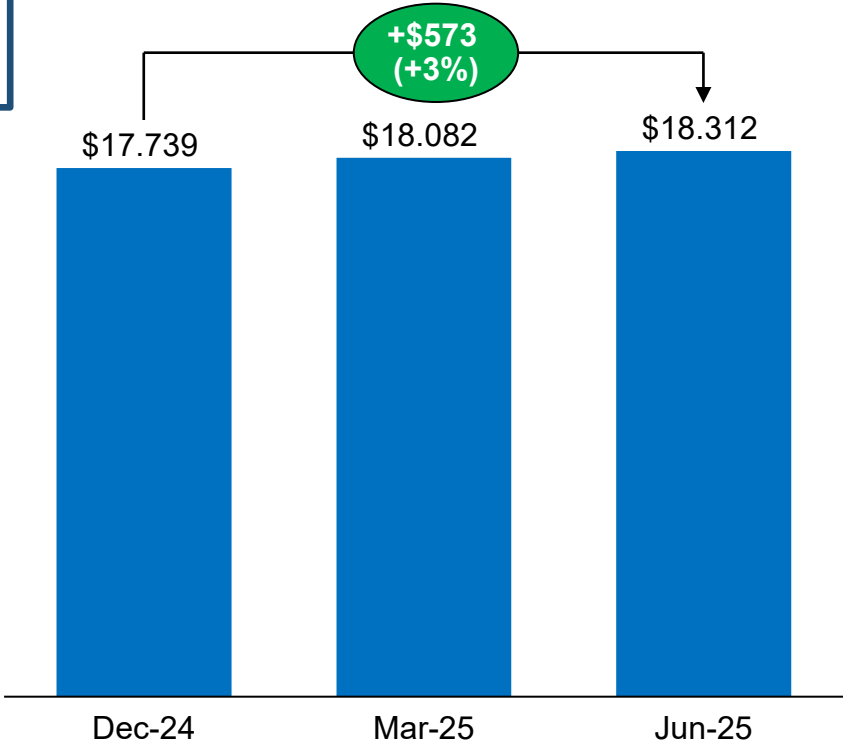


While total deposits in the banking industry have increased this year (includes brokered), our client deposits have grown significantly more, outpacing the industry by almost ~2x

➤ Total Deposits (\$MM)



➤ Banking Industry - Total Deposits (\$B)



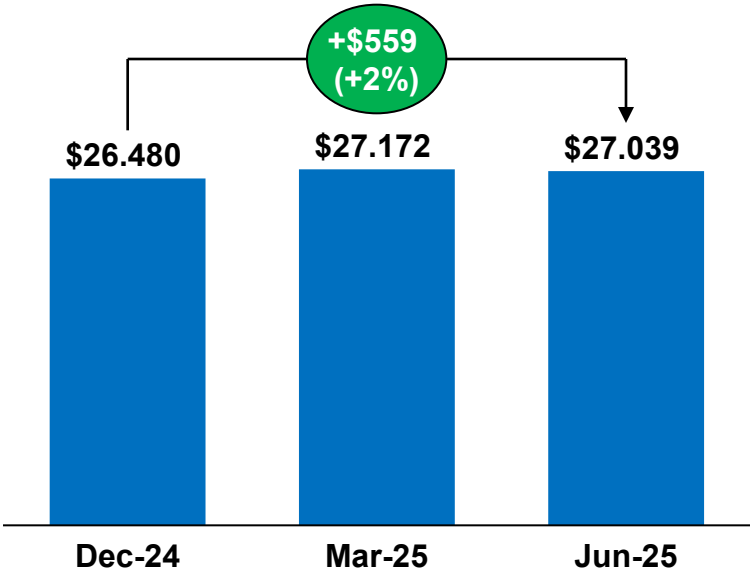
Non-interest bearing deposits represent 22% of total deposits

Deposits in commercial banks across the industry grew \$573MM though June, but this includes brokered deposits



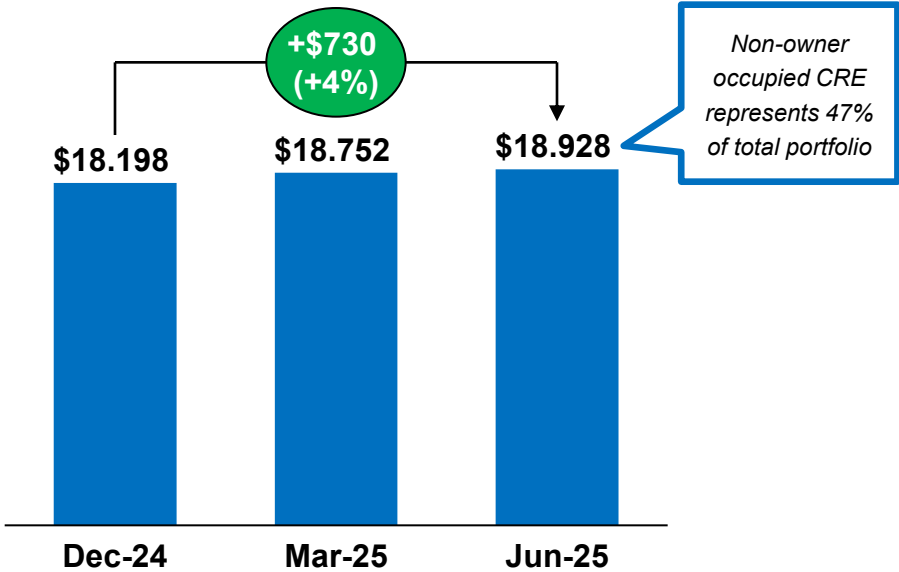
Total loans have grown \$730MM (4%) YTD while maintaining strong asset quality (nonaccrual ratio <1% in June)

➤ Total Assets (\$MM)



Loans to Deposits (%)	87.24%	85.37%	87.92%
Total Risk Based Capital Ratio (%)	15.08%	15.14%	15.44%
Tier 1 Leverage Ratio (%)	10.57%	10.52%	10.69%
Investment Portfolio (\$MM)	\$6,654	\$6,562	\$6,571
OCI after tax (\$MM)	(\$409)	(\$368)	(\$359)

➤ Total Loans & Leases (\$MM)



NPL Ratio (%)	0.66%	0.74%	0.74%
ACL Coverage Ratio (%)	1.01%	1.05%	1.10%

Our loan-to-deposit ratio remains low at 87.92% and capital ratios are strong



CRE loans are well diversified across various property types with low LTVs (49%), strong DSCR (1.9x) and excellent asset quality and ACL ratios

► CRE by Property Type

Property Type	Commitment (\$M)	% Total	Balance (\$M)	% Total	% of RBC	WAvg LTV %	WAvg DSCR %	% Accr 30+ DPD	% Non-Accrual	% In Florida	% Full & Partial Recourse	On BS Reserve (\$M)	ACL %
Retail	2,255	21%	2,135	24%	67%	55%	1.5	0.4%	0.7%	78%	57%	22.8	1.07%
Office	1,315	12%	1,268	14%	40%	54%	1.7	0.8%	1.8%	91%	61%	14.7	1.16%
Multifamily	1,407	13%	1,322	15%	42%	51%	1.5	1.1%	0.0%	83%	61%	11.8	0.89%
Hotels	707	6%	694	8%	22%	41%	1.8	0.0%	0.0%	94%	53%	10.3	1.49%
Industrial	709	6%	664	7%	21%	46%	5.9	0.0%	0.0%	96%	50%	3.0	0.45%
Other	1,308	12%	1,156	13%	36%	42%	1.6	0.0%	0.5%	92%	54%	7.4	0.64%
Total NOO CRE (excl. C&D)	7,699	70%	7,239	80%	228%	50%	1.9	0.5%	0.6%	87%	57%	70.0	0.97%
REITs + NDFI	699	6%	227	3%	7%	N/A	N/A	0.0%	0.0%	34%	53%	N/A	N/A
Construction & Land Development	2,568	23%	1,592	18%	50%	45%	N/A	0.0%	0.8%	93%	81%	13.8	0.87%
Total CRE (incl. REITs)	10,966	100%	9,058	100%	286%	49%	1.9	0.4%	0.6%	86%	62%	83.8	0.93%

All CRE categories have strong LTVs of 55% or below supported by robust DSCR of 1.9x for cash flowing properties, and 62% full or partial recourse

14% of CRE loans are outside of FL, representing only ~6% of total loans & leases
Our CRE portfolio outside of Florida is well diversified with largest exposure in growth States, mainly in the southeast with a weighted avg LTV of ~57%



Net income after taxes grew ~20% QoQ and ~82% YoY

INCOME STATEMENT (\$ millions)	Q2 2024	Q1 2025	Q2 2025	\$ Var QoQ	% Var QoQ	YTD 2024	YTD 2025	\$ Var YoY	% Var YoY
(+) Net Interest Income	\$119.3	\$161.1	\$167.4	\$6.2	3.9%	\$237.0	\$328.5	\$91.5	38.6%
(+) Non-Interest Income	\$23.4	\$28.2	\$31.3	\$3.1	11.0%	\$55.5	\$59.5	\$4.0	7.3%
(=) Operating Income	\$142.7	\$189.3	\$198.7	\$9.3	4.9%	\$292.5	\$388.0	\$95.5	32.7%
(-) Personnel Expenses	\$42.2	\$53.3	\$51.5	-\$1.8	-3.4%	\$88.0	\$104.8	\$16.8	19.1%
(-) Occupancy & Equipment Expenses	\$7.7	\$6.8	\$7.4	\$0.6	9.4%	\$15.4	\$14.2	-\$1.1	-7.5%
(-) Other Non-Interest Expenses	\$28.8	\$36.3	\$32.9	-\$3.5	-9.6%	\$63.8	\$69.2	\$5.4	8.5%
(-) Non-Interest Expenses	\$78.7	\$96.5	\$91.8	-\$4.7	-4.8%	\$167.2	\$188.2	\$21.1	12.6%
(=) Core Earnings	\$64.0	\$92.9	\$106.9	\$14.0	15.1%	\$125.3	\$199.8	\$74.5	59.4%
(-) Provision Expense	\$15.8	\$15.0	\$13.4	-\$1.6	-10.5%	\$24.3	\$28.5	\$4.2	17.1%
(-) Amortization Expense	\$6.5	\$4.7	\$4.7	\$0.0	0.0%	\$12.9	\$9.3	-\$3.6	-27.9%
(+) Gain on Sale of Securities, CVA Adj & Marketable securities	\$0.0	\$0.1	-\$0.5	-\$0.5	-1042.0%	-\$0.1	-\$0.4	-\$0.4	659.1%
(=) Net Income before Taxes	\$41.7	\$73.3	\$88.3	\$15.0	20.5%	\$88.0	\$161.6	\$73.5	83.5%
(-) Tax Expense	\$10.1	\$18.0	\$22.3	\$4.2	23.6%	\$21.2	\$40.3	\$19.0	89.7%
(=) Net Income after Taxes	\$31.6	\$55.2	\$66.0	\$10.8	19.6%	\$66.8	\$121.3	\$54.5	81.6%

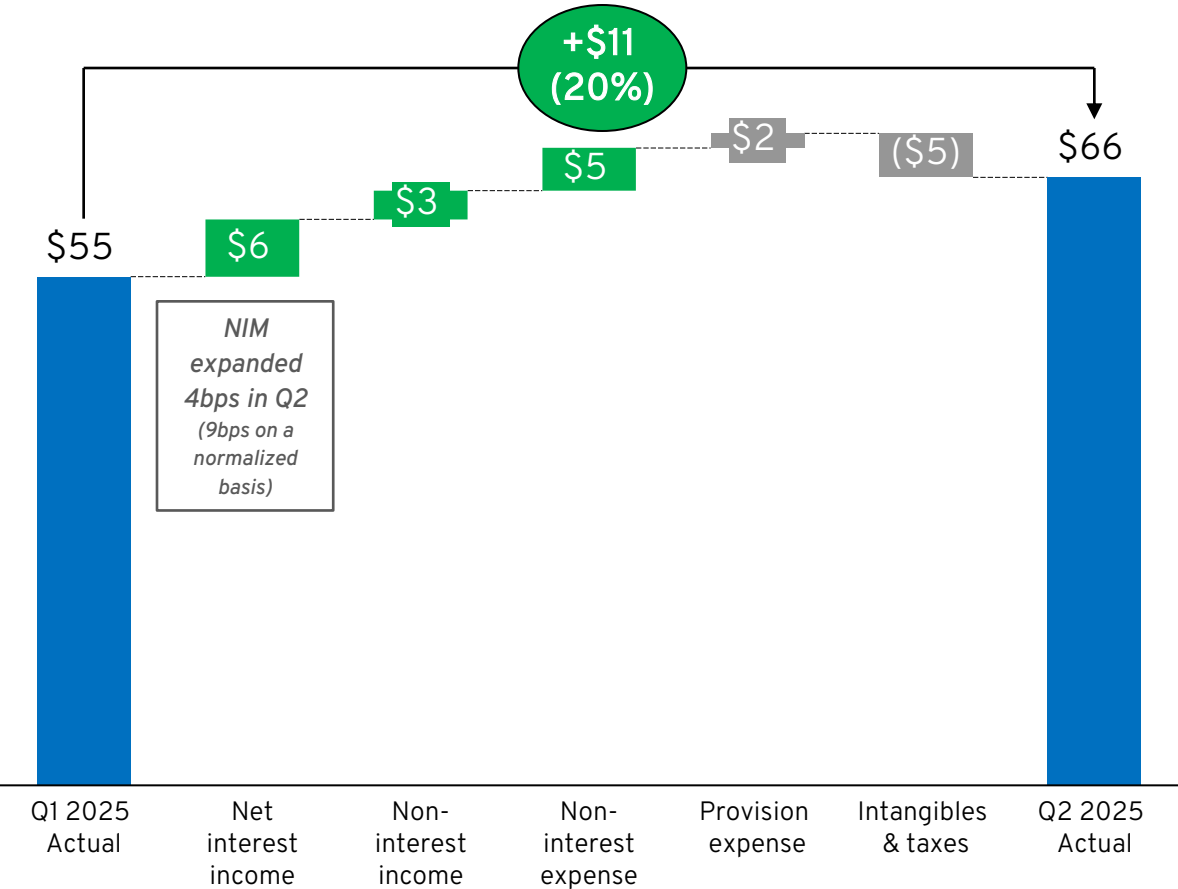
RATIOS (%)	Q2 2024	Q1 2025	Q2 2025	% Var QoQ	YTD 2024	YTD 2025	% Var YoY
Net Interest Margin (NIM)	1.96%	2.55%	2.59%	4 bps	1.93%	2.57%	64 bps
ROAA	0.49%	0.83%	0.97%	14 bps	0.51%	0.90%	39 bps
ROAE	5.34%	8.69%	9.93%	124 bps	5.64%	9.33%	369 bps
Core Efficiency Ratio	55.14%	50.93%	46.32%	-461 bps	57.17%	48.57%	-860 bps

Overall NIM expanded QoQ by 4bps to 2.59% and by 64bps compared to Q2'24

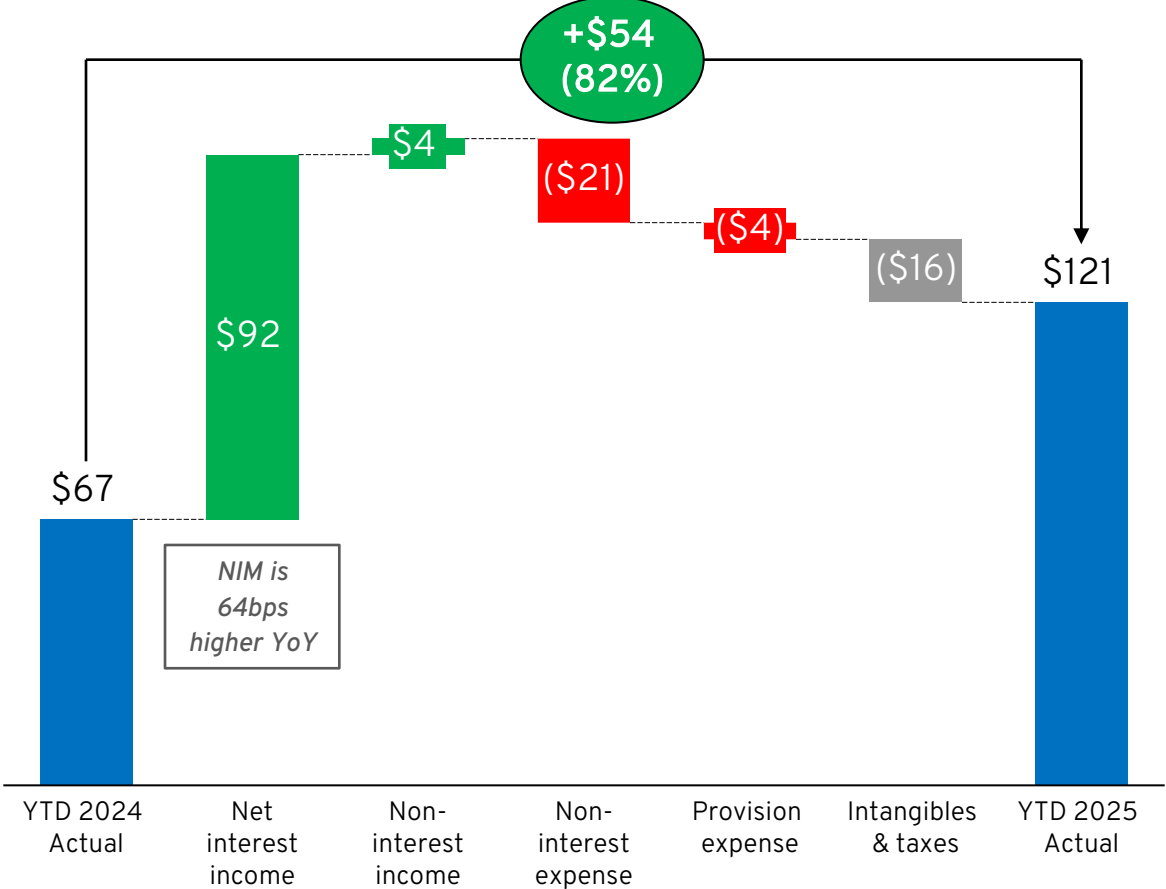


Net income after taxes grew 20% (\$11MM) QoQ and 82% (\$54MM) YoY primarily driven by higher net interest income

QoQ net income comparison:
Q1-25 vs. Q2-25 (\$MM)

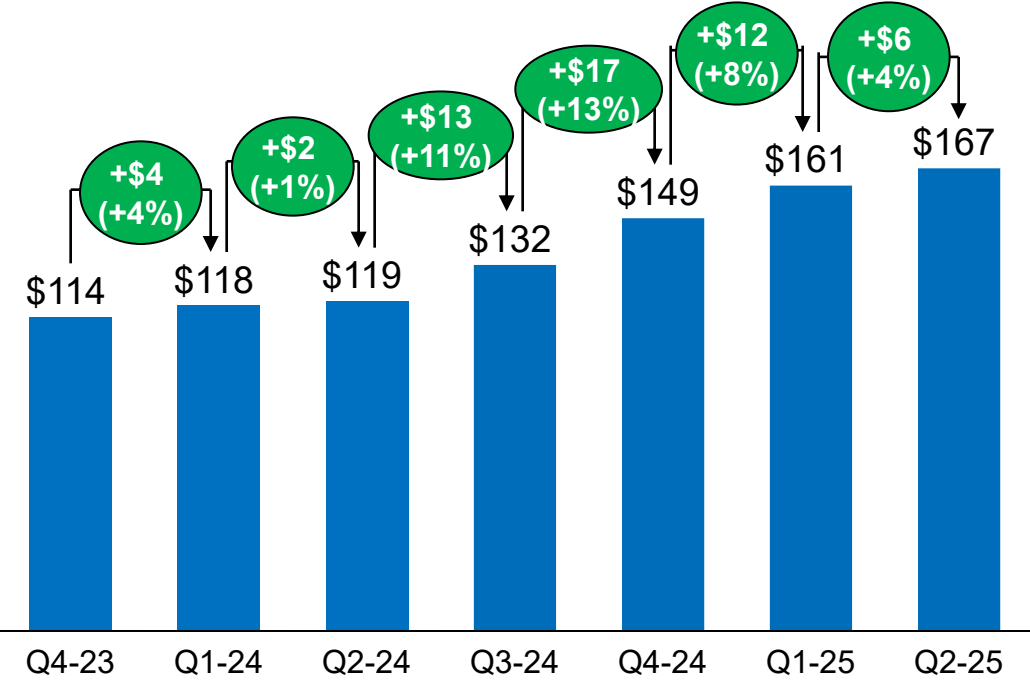


YoY net income comparison:
YTD June 2024 vs. 2025 (\$MM)

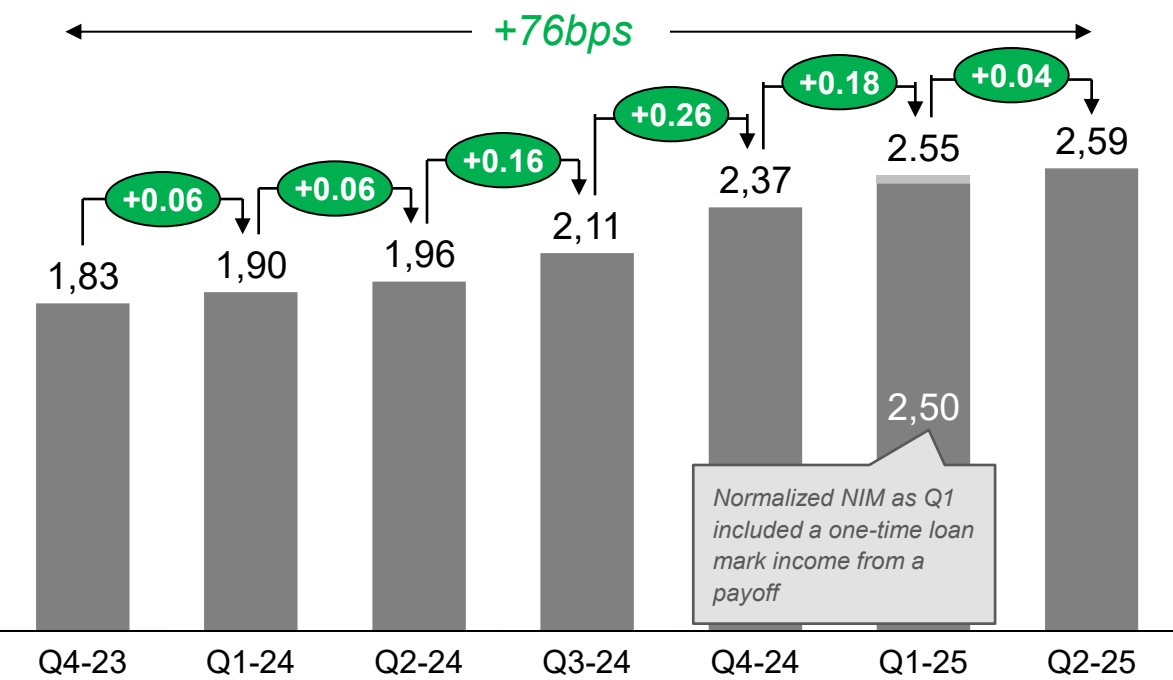


Both our net interest income and margin increased for the sixth consecutive quarter: In Q2-2025, our NIM expanded 4bps (9bps on a normalized basis)

Net interest income (\$MM)



Net Interest Margin (%)



Cost of funds	3.19%	3.23%	3.20%	3.12%	2.83%	2.72%	2.64%
Effective Fed Funds	5.33%	5.33%	5.33%	5.26%	4.65%	4.33%	4.33%
Yield on earning assets	5.03%	5.12%	5.16%	5.24%	5.21%	5.27%	5.23%

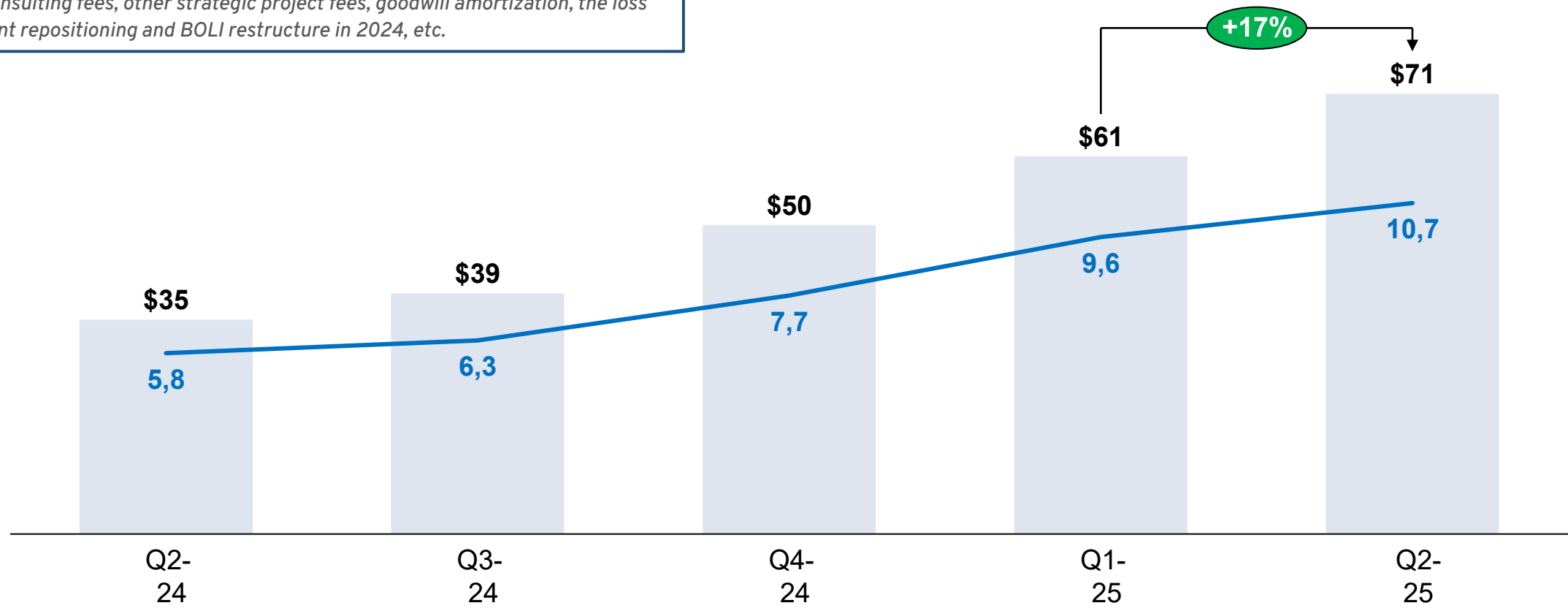
NIM expanded 4bps in Q2-2025, due to lower cost of funds (8bps), partially offset by lower yield on earning assets (4bps). On a normalized basis, NIM grew 9bps in Q2-2025, due to lower cost of funds (8bps) and stable yield on earning assets (1bp higher)



Earnings continue in an upward trajectory

Quarterly normalized net income after taxes and ROE (\$MM, %)
— Normalized ROE (%) ■ Normalized net income after taxes (\$)

Net income is being normalized primarily for one-time expenses related to the McKinsey consulting fees, other strategic project fees, goodwill amortization, the loss on investment repositioning and BOLI restructure in 2024, etc.



Although we have just started our 5-year Project WIN journey, we are already delivering profitable and diversified growth

Key Objectives

- 1 Moderate Growth / Diversification
- 2 Enhanced Profitability
- 3 Scalability / Digital Experience
- 4 Culture Preservation / Engagement
- 5 Regulatory Excellence

YTD Jun 2025 Accomplishments

- ✓ Increased client deposits by 10% (annualized) vs. 6% for the industry. Loans growing at 8% annually, with higher loan diversification (C&I growing at 15%)
- ✓ Enhanced earnings, with ROE of ~10%, NIM improving 64bps YoY and efficiency ratio at 48.6%
- ✓ Increased automation across the bank (i.e. new credit process optimization, new WM platform, data and analytics, automation of manual processes, etc.)
- ✓ Engaged all employees in the execution and continued success of Project Win, with a strong and distinct leadership culture
- ✓ Continued to strengthen our three lines of defense. Had strong results across all our regulatory exams



Value Creation



2Q25 Closing Remarks



- **Sound Net Income:** We delivered **\$571 million**, marking a **27% increase year-over-year**, fueled by our disciplined strategy and strong fundamentals.
- **Strengthened Financial Position:** We successfully **expanded our commercial loan portfolio**, and total deposits are **up 5.09%**. This reinforces our market share, supported by healthy risk, capital, and liquidity.
- **Diversifying Revenues through International Strategy:** Our international operations, including Bci Peru, Bci Miami, and CNB (Florida), excelled. CNB, in particular, saw significant client deposit growth and NIM expanded for **sixth consecutive quarter**, with *Project WIN* firmly on track.
- **Commitment to Sustainability and Innovation:** We were recognized as **Chile's most sustainable company by Merco ESG**, affirming our dedication to responsible growth.
- **Robust Capital & Liquidity:** This is clearly reflected in a **strong increase in equity** and a **CET1 ratio of 11.10%**.

Reflects the continued success of Bci's transformation strategy, positioning the bank for long-term success in a dynamic financial landscape.



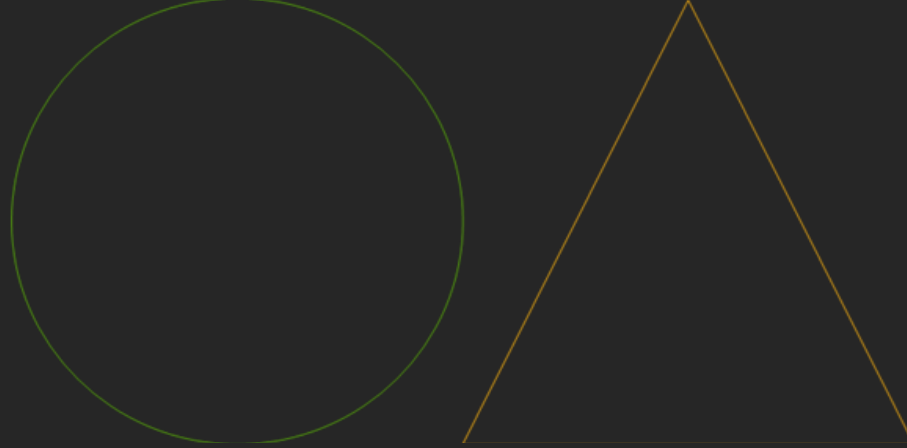
2025 Guidance (Mid-Year Update)

Local	<p>Macro overview: GDP 2.1%, Inflation 3,8%, MPR 4.25%.</p> <p>Loan growth: Lower bound of initial 5-7%.</p> <p>NIM: Flat considering rates and inflation scenario.</p> <p>↑ Fee Income: Updated to 13-15% range.</p> <p>↑ Core Operating Expenses: ~6%</p> <p>Cost of Risk: Better than expected recoveries and provision expense, but maintaining flat trend anchored to macro conditions.</p>
City National Bank Of Florida	<p>↑ Loan Growth: Changed from mid to high single digit.</p> <p>NIM: Closing at higher bound of previous 2.5-2.6%.</p> <p>↑ Net Income: ~US\$250MM.</p>
Consolidated	<p>↑ Net Income: Upward revision to 20-22% range.</p> <p>ROE: Reaching ~13.3%, transitioning to 14% target by 2026.</p>

Note: Percentages consider full year-over-year (YoY) changes.



Thank you.



This presentation contains forward-looking statements in various places throughout therein, related to, without limitation, our future business development. Forward-looking information is often, but not always, identified by the use of words such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “expect”, “plan”, “intend”, “forecast”, “project”, “may”, “will”, “should”, “could”, “estimate”, “predict” or similar words suggesting future outcomes or language suggesting an outlook. While these forward looking statements represent our judgment and future expectations concerning the development of our business, a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors could cause actual developments and results to differ materially from our plans, objectives, expectations, anticipations, estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. The risk factors and other key factors that we have indicated in our past and future filings and reports, including those with local or foreign authorities, could adversely affect our business and financial performance.

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We have adopted IFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” (previously IAS 39). However, the Financial Market Commission (CMF, according to the Spanish acronym) excluded the application of the methodology to calculate the expected credit risk loss for loans, which will continue to be calculated using the expected loss models defined by the CMF, our local regulator. Besides this modification, there were other regulatory modifications that we disclosed in our annual financial statements concerning accounting criteria and the presentation of the financial statements. These modifications of our accounting policies and of the presentation of our financial statements require the 2021 figures to be stated off the books (pro forma) to comply with the comparability principle of the IFRS, due to the implementation as of January 2022 of the new accounting regulation requirements of the CMF in its Compendium of Accounting Regulations for Banks. Lastly, it should be indicated that besides issuing the consolidated financial statements of the Bank, we will also include a new financial report on management comments that will be published jointly on our website on August 12th, 2022. If you have any further queries about this new format, do not hesitate to contact the IR team.

